

宇宙飛翔体の相対VLBI観測における 遅延計測精度評価

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吉川真、竹内央、加藤隆二、市川勉
(JAXA)

Spacecraft Navigation R&RR + VLBI

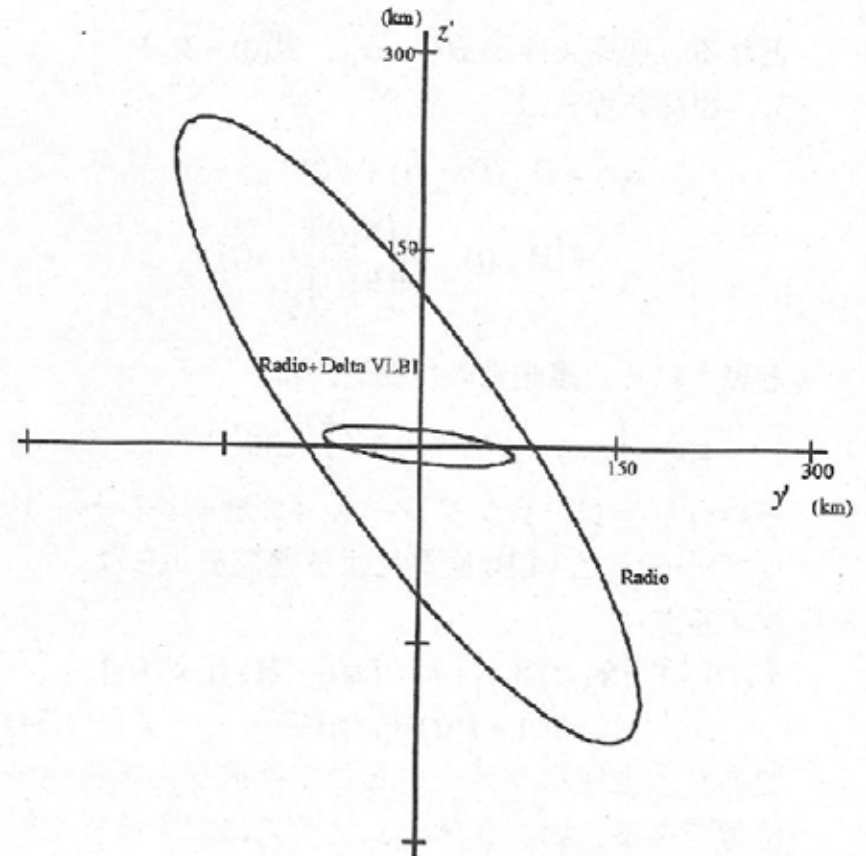
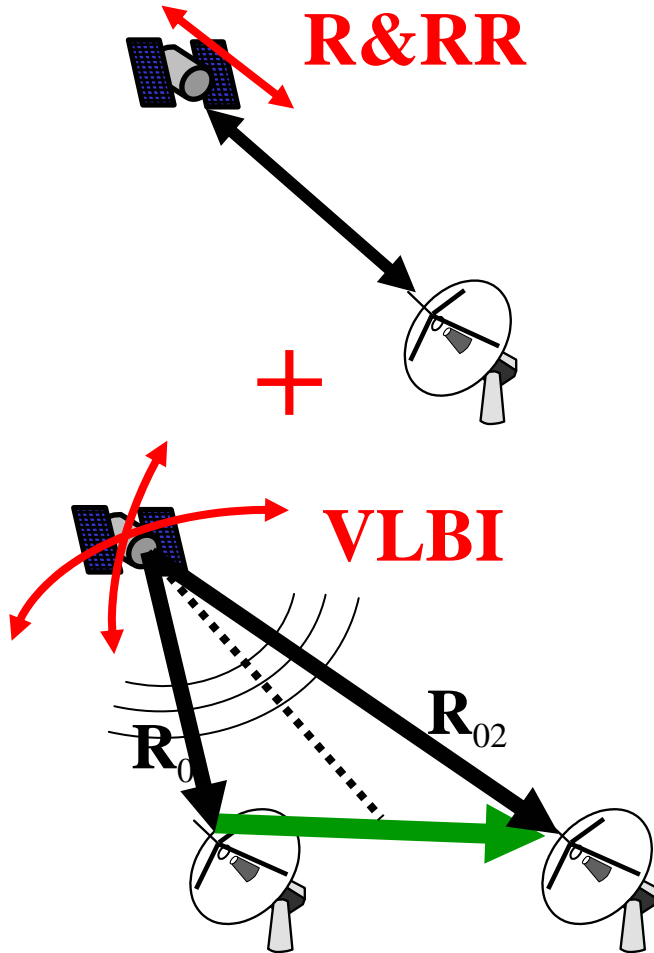


Fig. 7 誤差楕円

相对VLBI 精度

$$\Delta L = c \quad \tau$$

$$\Delta \theta = \frac{\Delta L}{B} = c \frac{\Delta \tau}{B}$$

遲延計測精度:

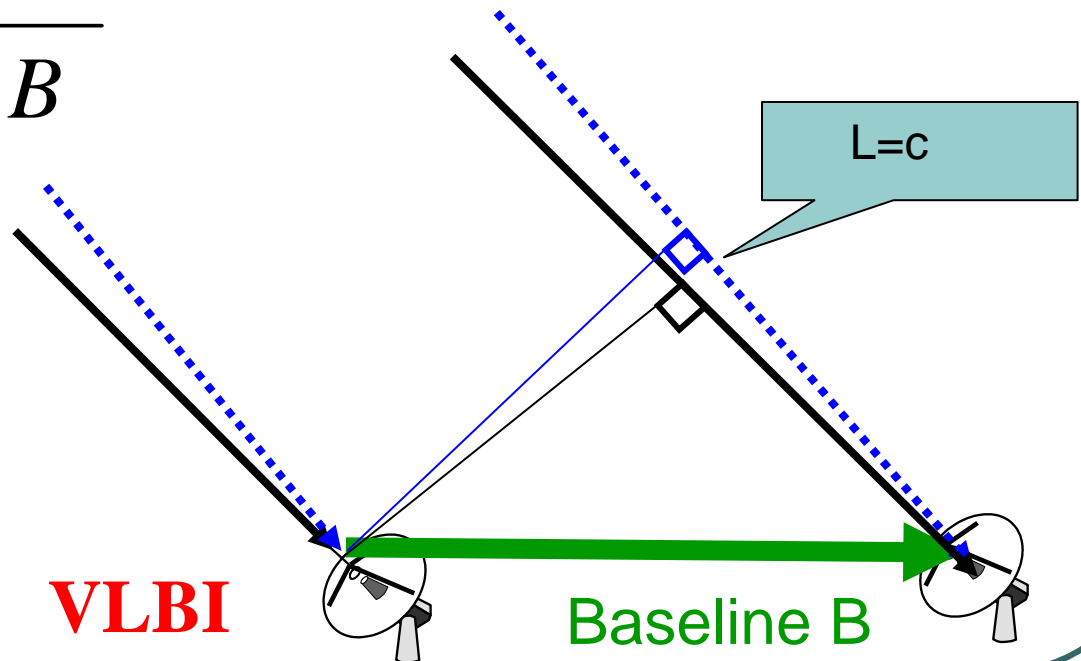
基線長: B

角度分解能:

光速度: c

1 ns/1000km → 0.3 μ radian
(60mas)
45km@1AU

1ns/8000km → 40 n radian
(8mas)
6km@1AU

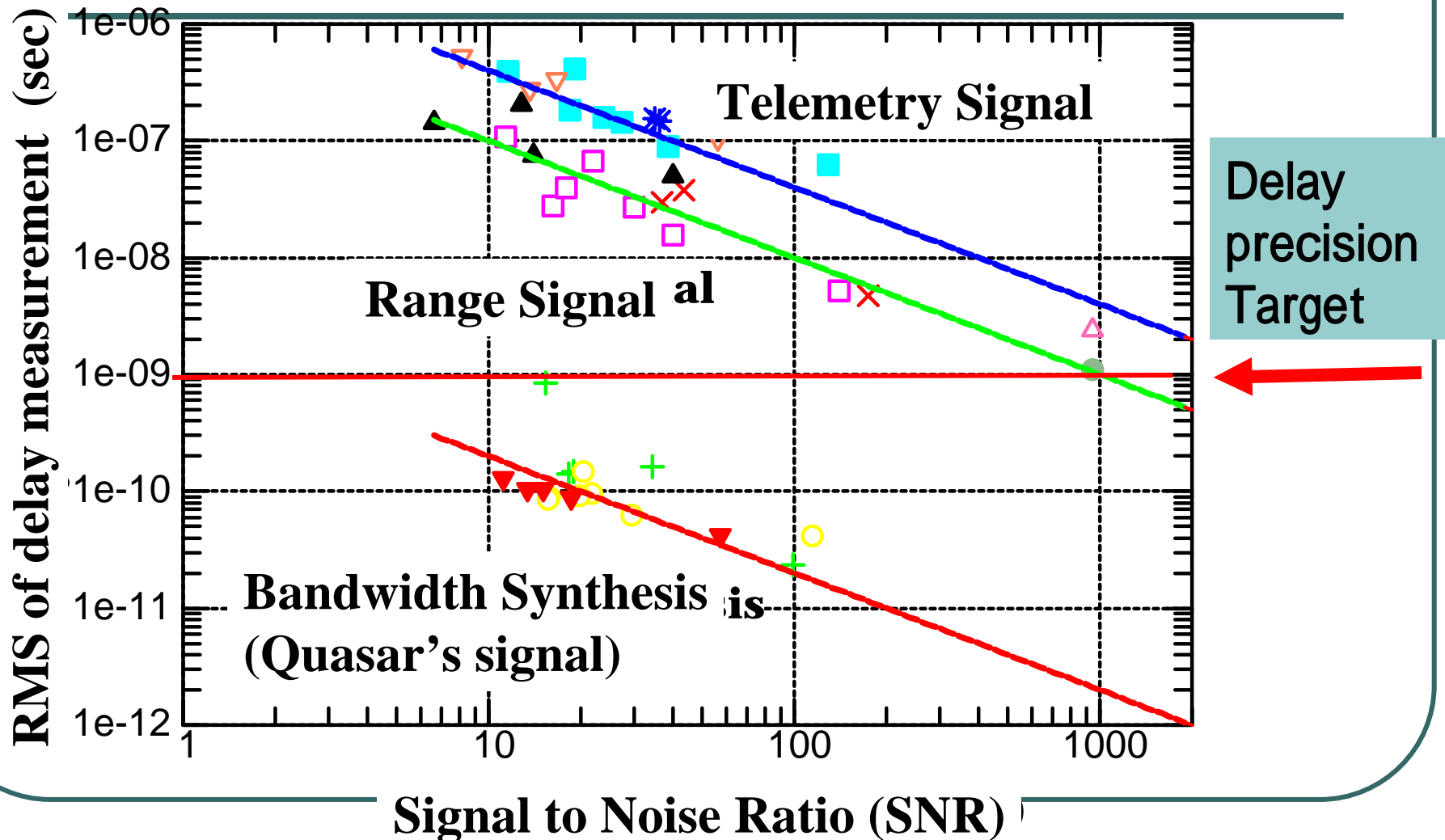


Baseline B

Precision of Ground Delay

$$\sigma_{\tau} = A / (SNR \times Bandwidth)$$

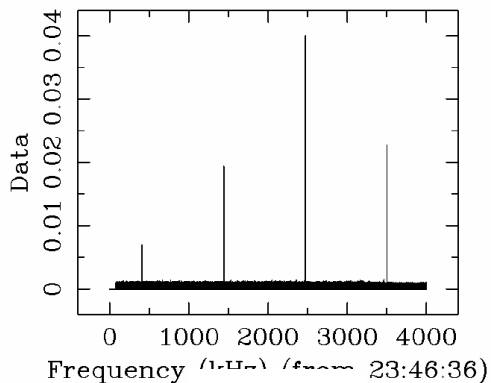
Hayabusa Observations
In May /30 ~ July 4 2005



VLBI Observable: Group Delay

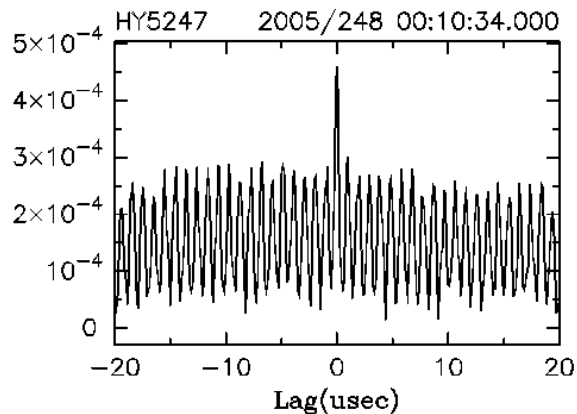
DDOR signal

0.000 - 1.000 sec.
8e+03 kHz-1bit Auto Cor Spectrum



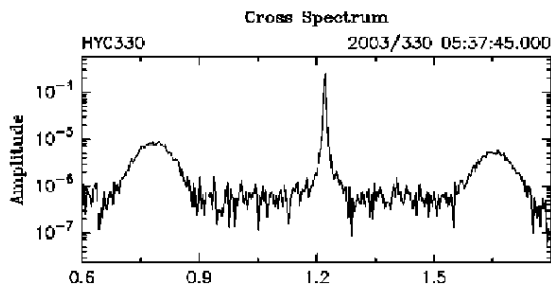
← 4 MHz →

Fringe



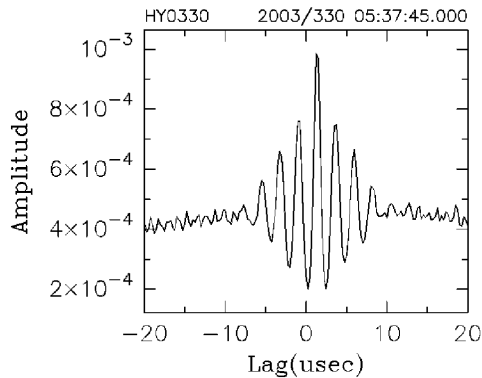
Effective Bandwidth
450kHz

Range signal



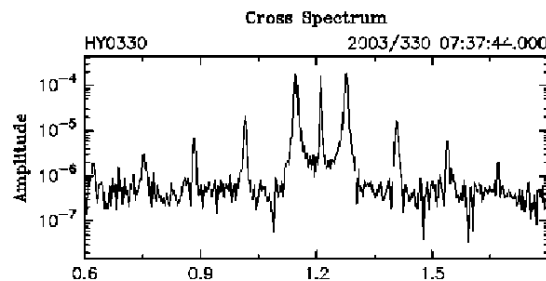
← 1MHz →

Fringe



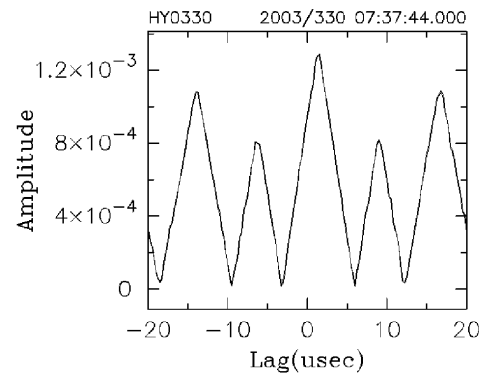
Effective Bandwidth
100kHz

Telemetry Signal



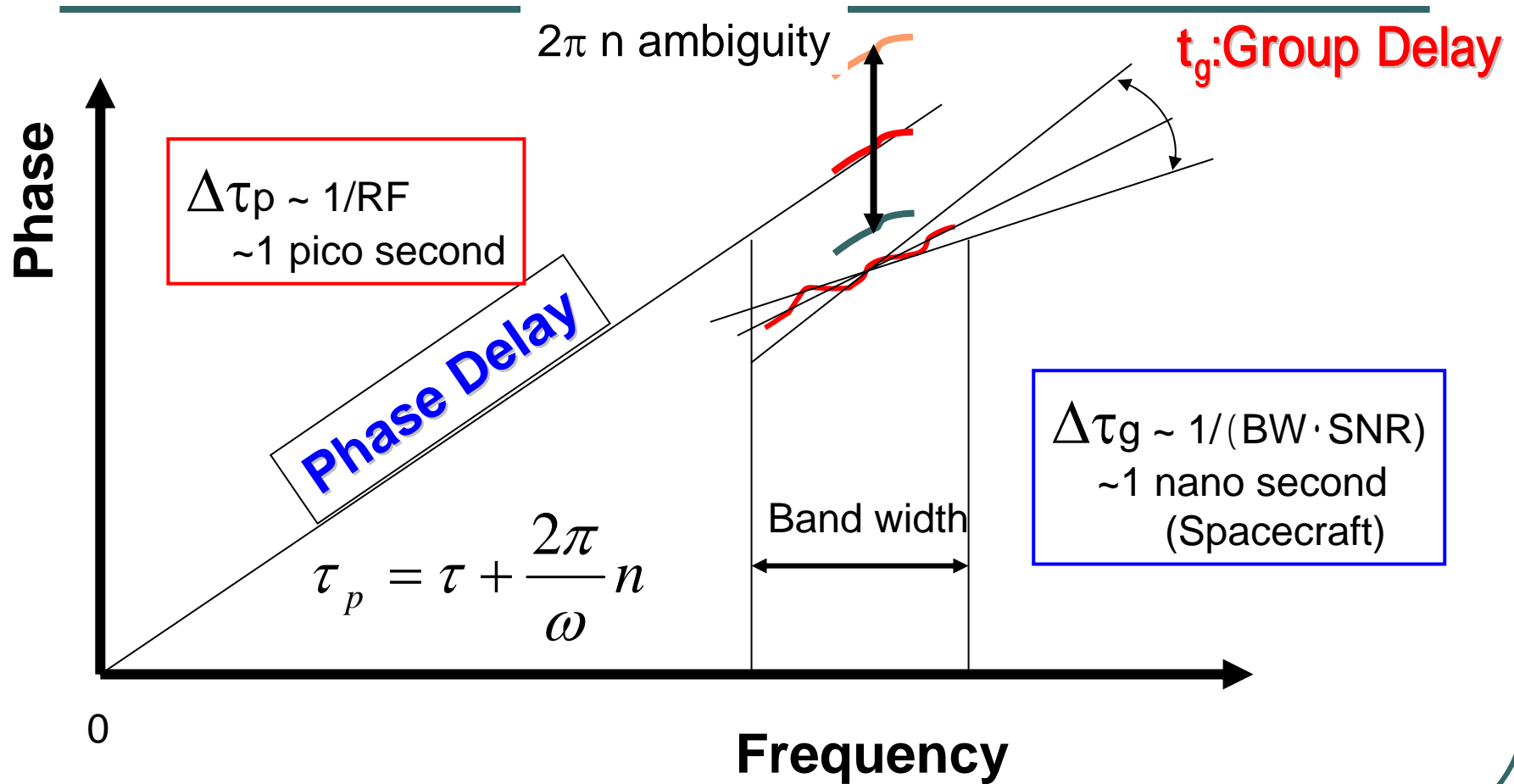
← 1MHz →

Fringe

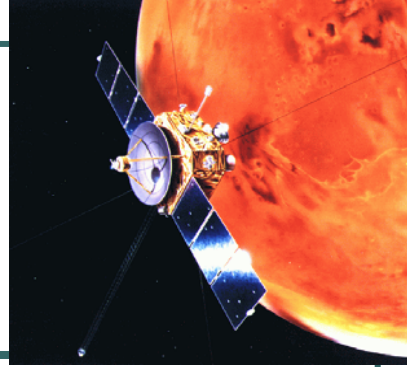


VLBI Delay Observable:

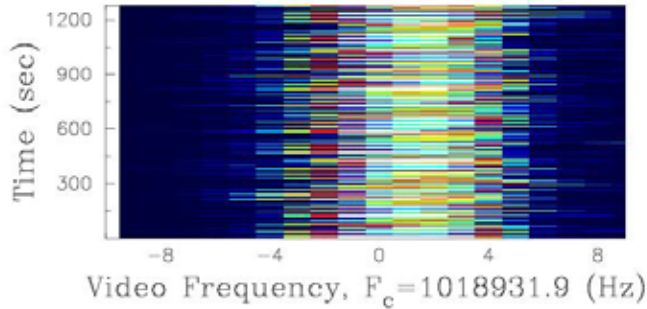
Group & Phase



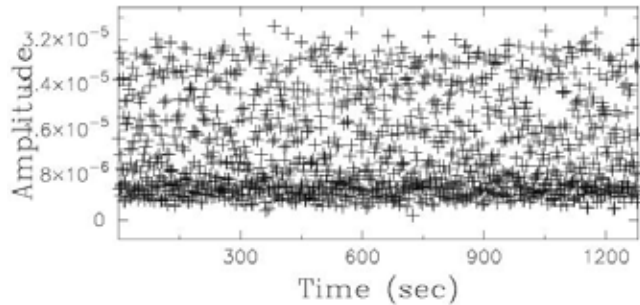
Alternative Choice: 位相遅延量



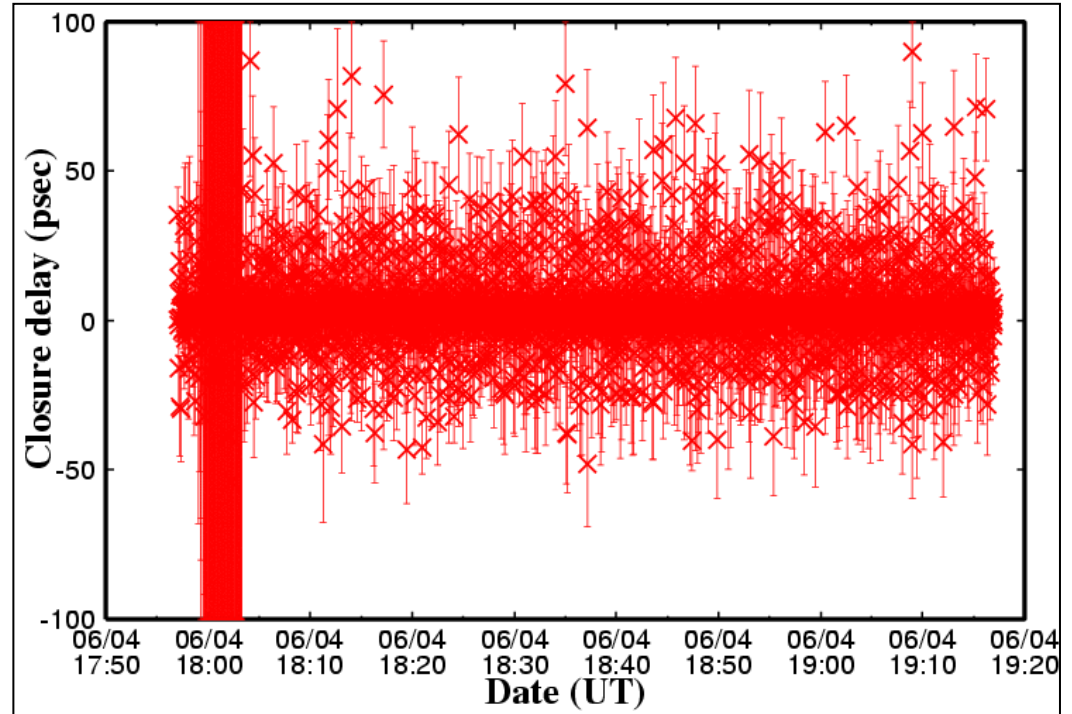
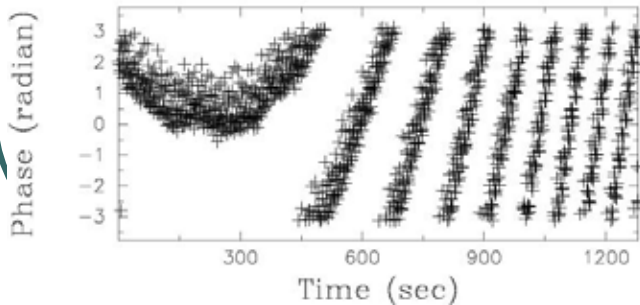
Dynamic Cross Spectrum: Rate Corrected ch=1



Dynamic Cross Spectrum: Rate Corrected ch=1

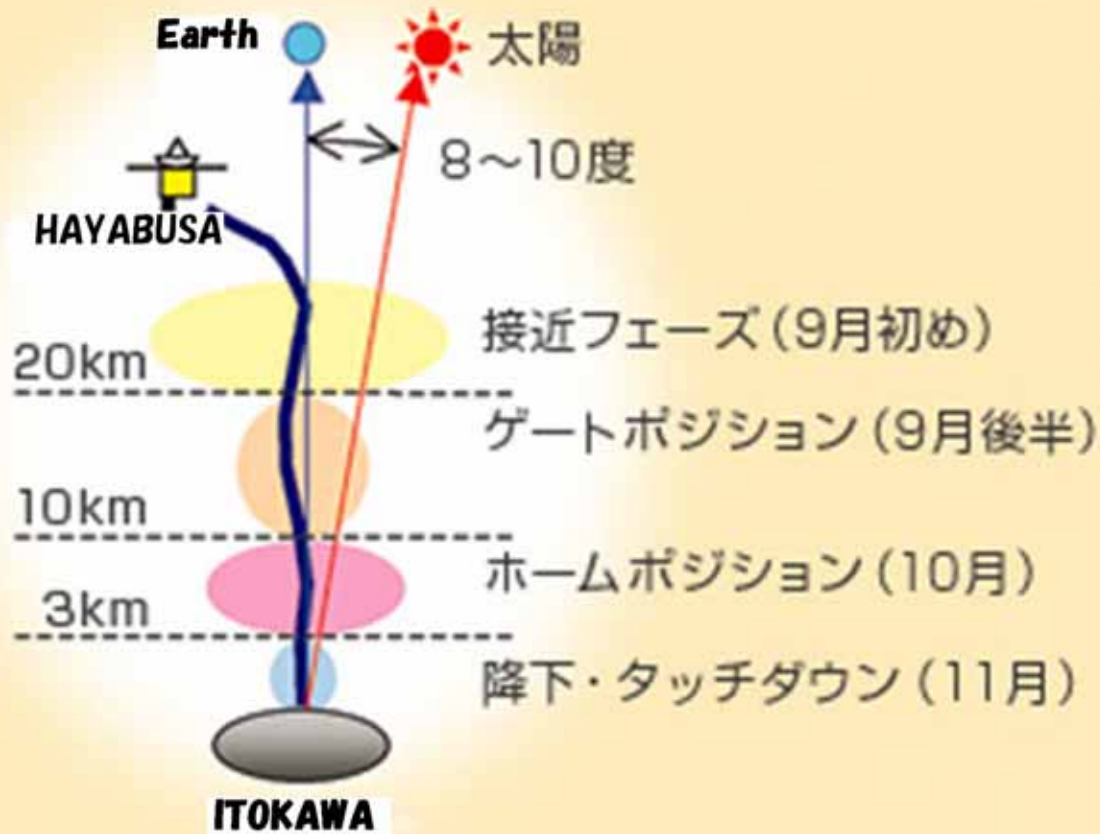


Dynamic Cross Spectrum: Rate Corrected ch=1



Hayabusa's Touchdown Approach to ITOKAWA in Nov. 2005

VLBI Observation



Fri

(JAXA HP)

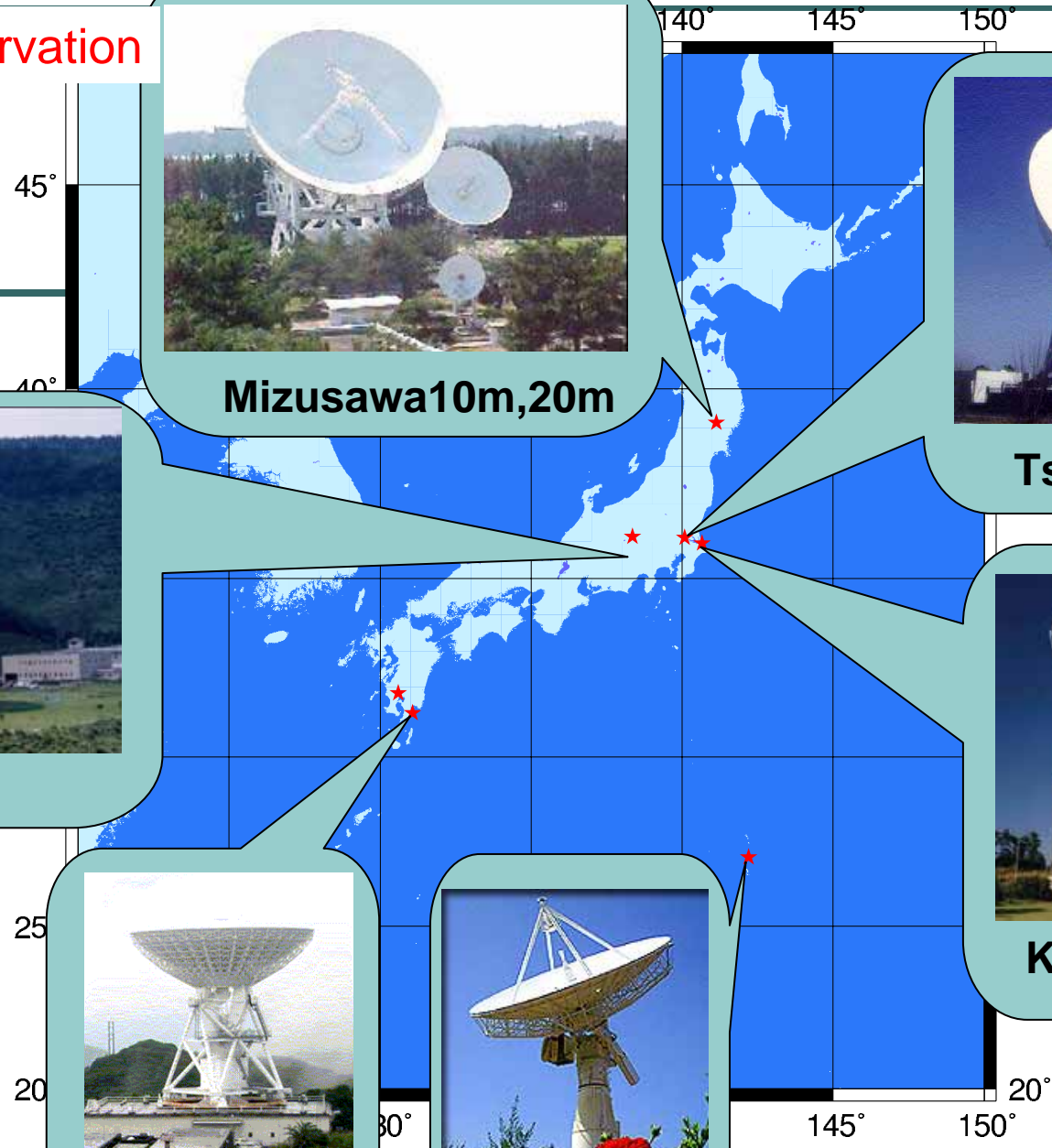
VLBI of HAYABYSA in Nov. 2005

観測周波数: 8.4GHz

Epoch	Reference Source (Angular Distance)	Switching Cycle	Observation Stations
4 th Nov.	1352-104(3.3deg)	6 min.	O,T,C
12 th Nov.	1430-178(3.3deg.) 1443-162(2.4deg.)	6 min. Alternatively	O,T
19 th Nov.	1443-162(5.5deg.) 1430-178(8.5deg.)	6 min. Alternatively	O,T,M
25 th Nov.	1514-241(6.8deg.) 1504-166(7.1deg.)	6 min. Alternatively	O,T

O:Kashima34, T:Tsukuba32m, C: Chichijima10m, M: Mizusawa 20m

HYBS VLBI observation



Mizusawa 10m, 20m



Tsukuba 32m



Usuda 64m



Kashima 34m



Uchinoura 34m



Chichi 10m

相対VLBIによる遅延校正

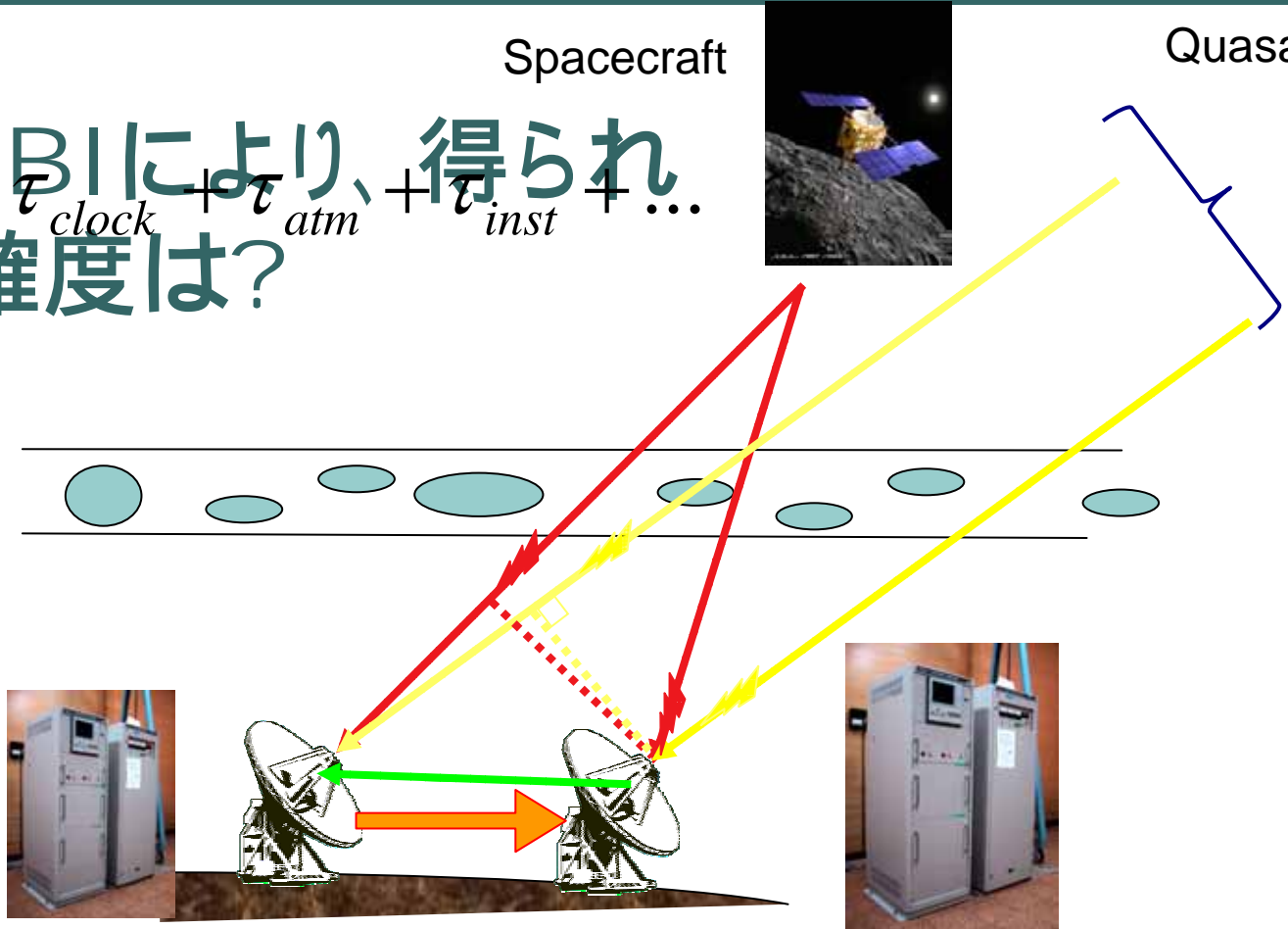
相対VLBIにより、得られる遅延精度は？

$\tau = \tau_{geo} + \tau_{clock} + \tau_{atm} + \tau_{inst} + \dots$

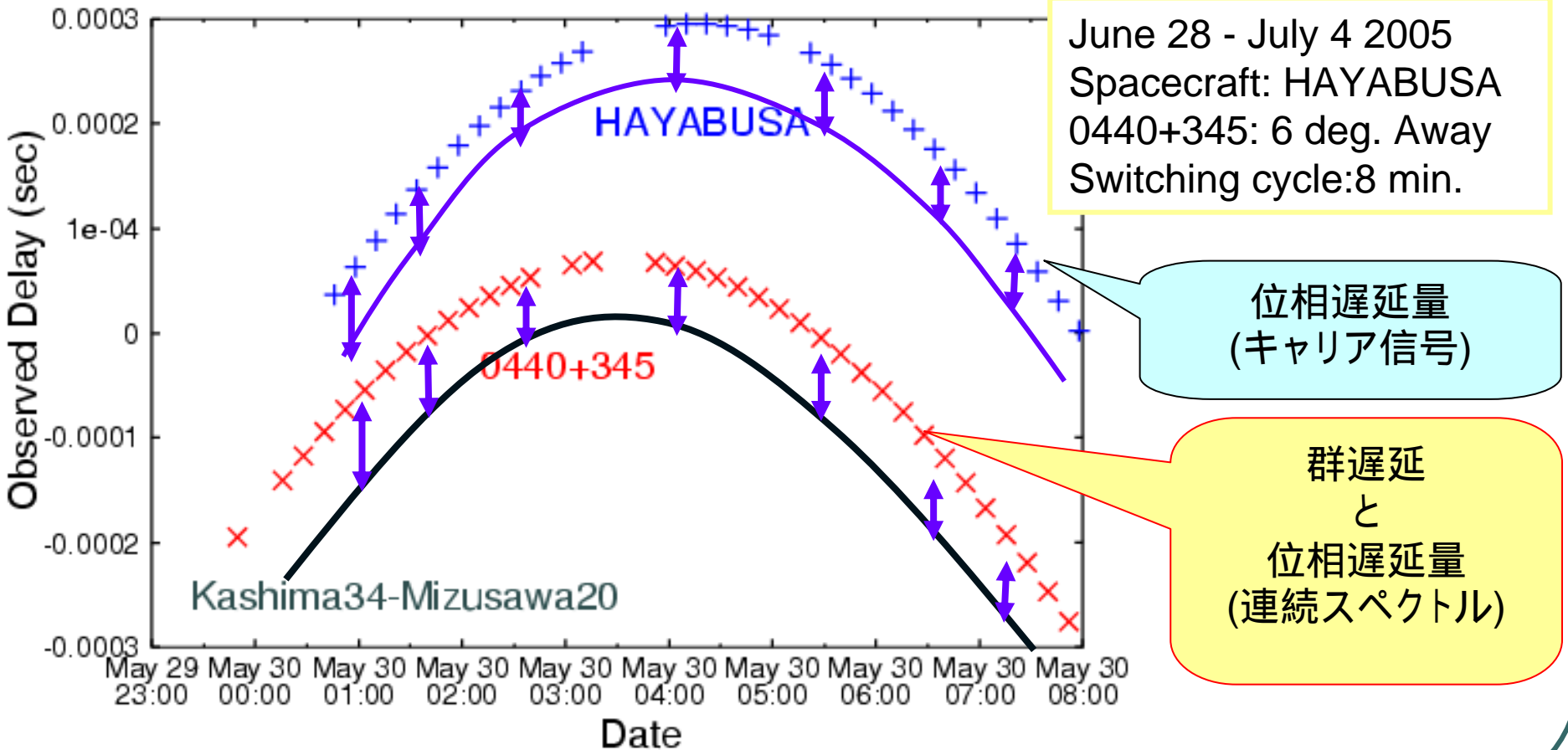
Spacecraft



Quasar



Delta-VLBI: Data Processing Scheme



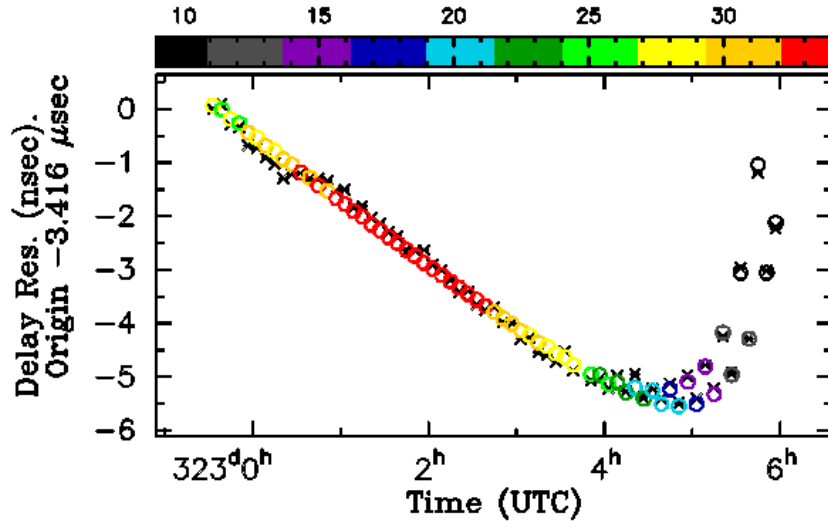
大気(El_x, El_y, t)クロックモデル による内挿

参照電波源 (Quasar) の群遅延量

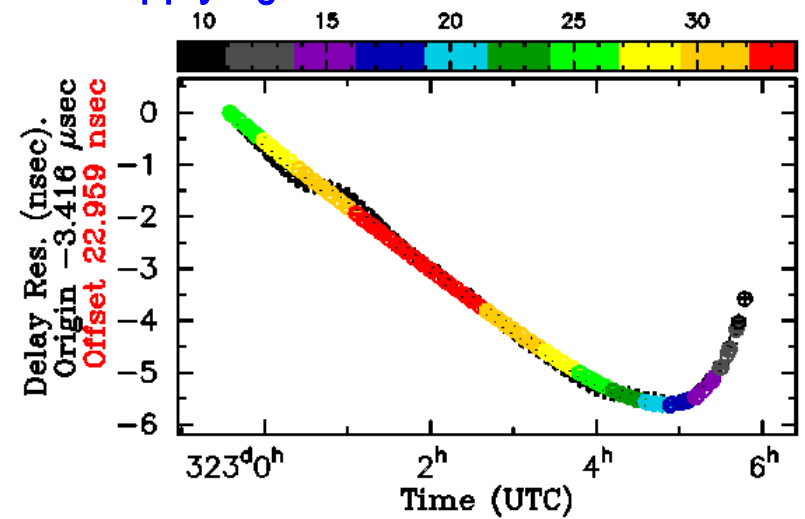
$$\tau = \tau_{geo} + (\tau_{clock}^0 + \tau_{clock}^1 t) \\ + (\tau_{atm,y}^0 + \tau_{atm,y}^1 t) fm(El_y) - (\tau_{atm,x}^0 + \tau_{atm,x}^1 t) fm(El_x)$$

HAYABUSA の位相遅延量

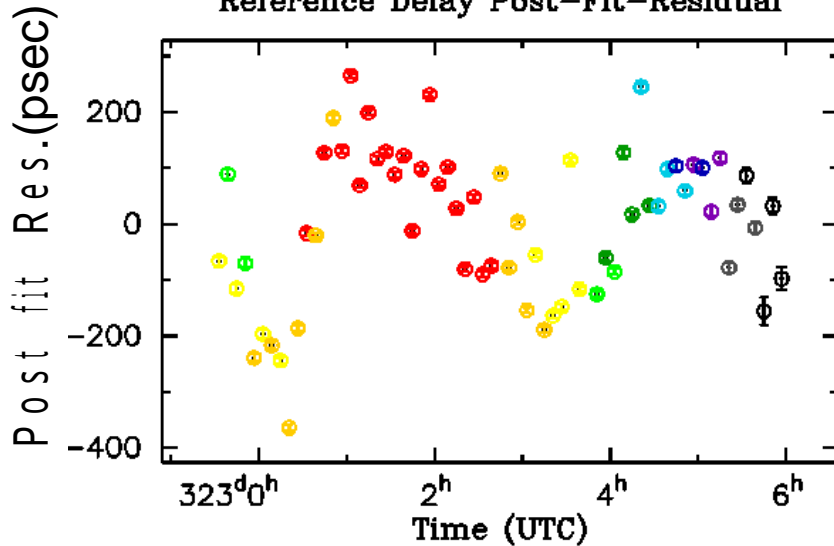
Model Fitting to Reference source



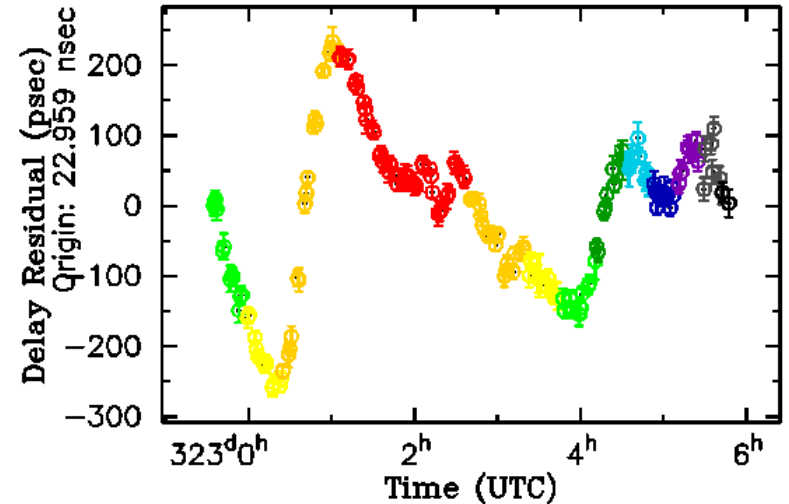
Applying to HYBS



Reference Delay Post-Fit-Residual



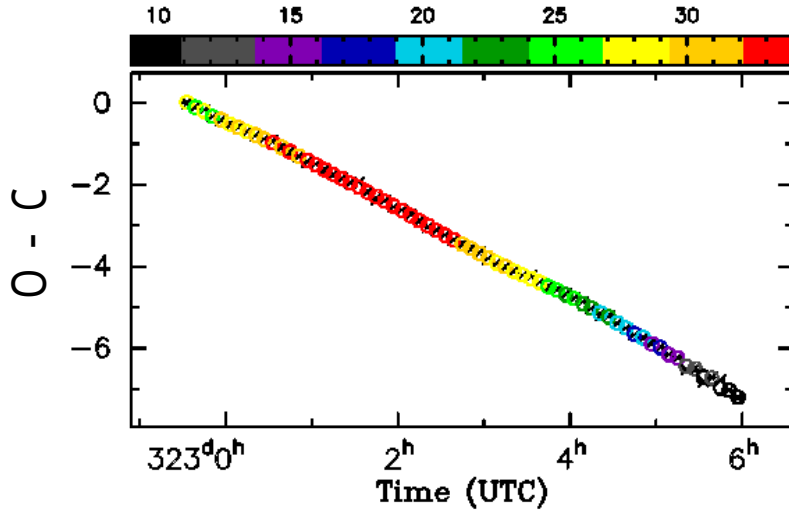
Target Delay Post-Correction-Residual



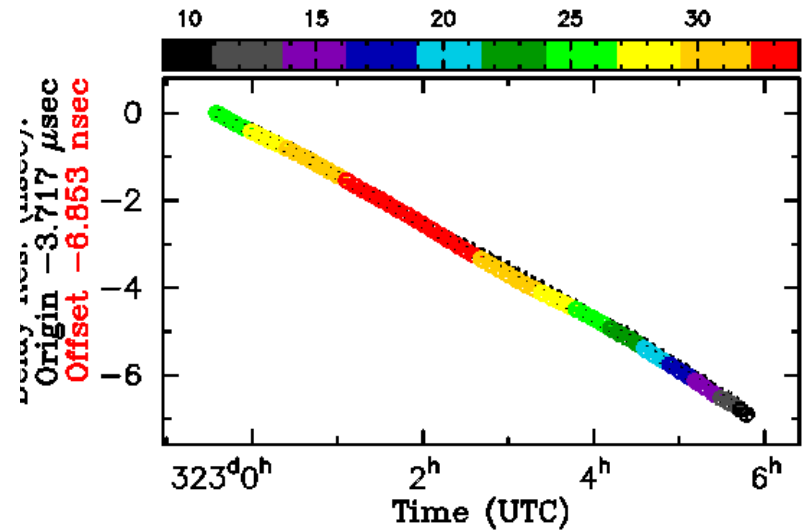
$$\tau = \tau_0 + \dot{\tau}(t - t_0) - \tau_{atm,x} fm(El_x) + \tau_{atm,y} fm(El_y)$$

Piece-wise linear

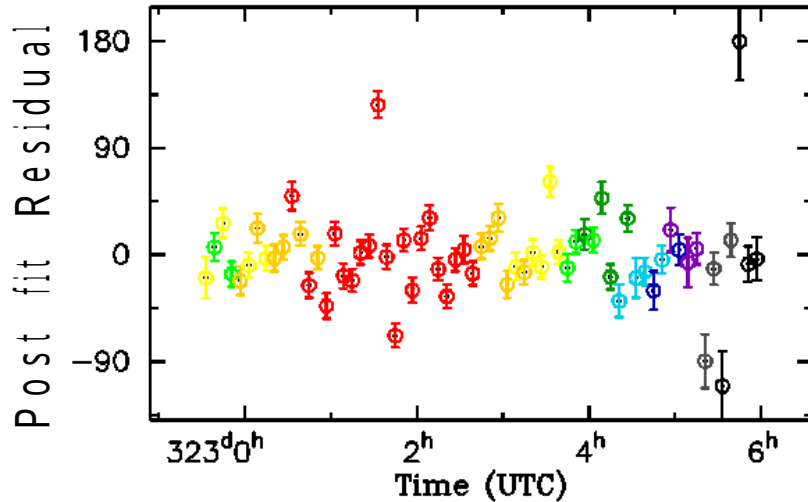
Model Fitting to Reference source



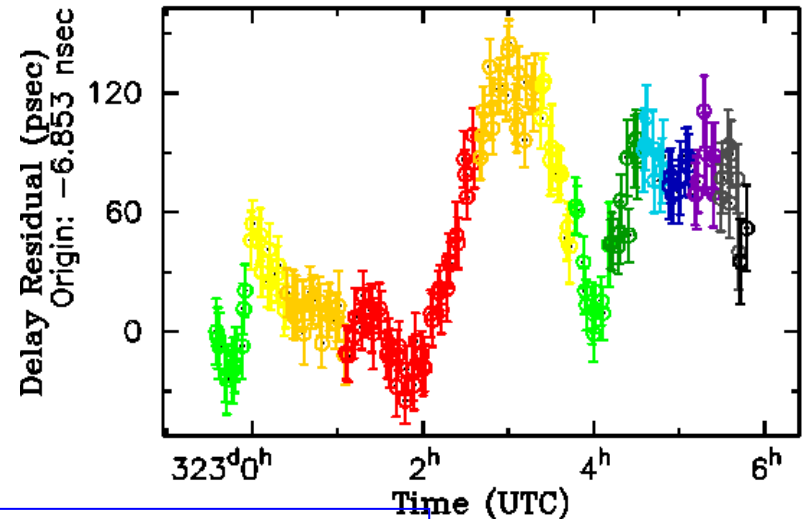
Applying to HYBS



Reference Delay Post-Fit-Residual



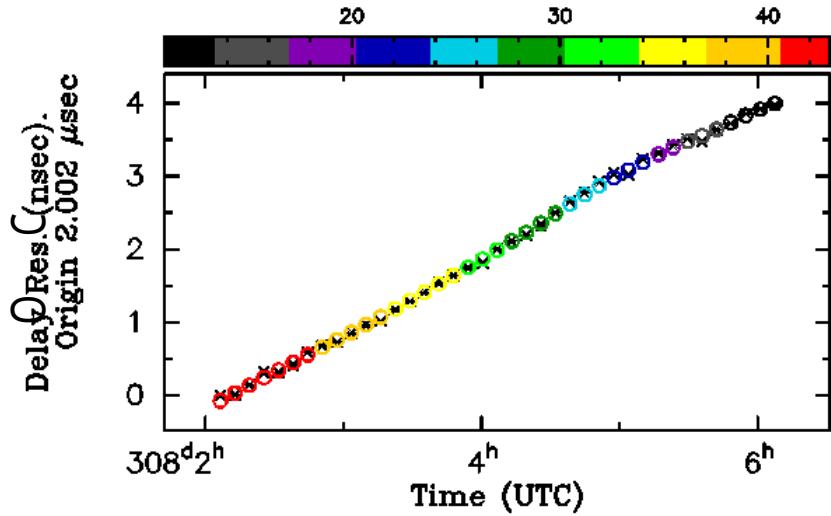
Target Delay Post-Correction-Residual



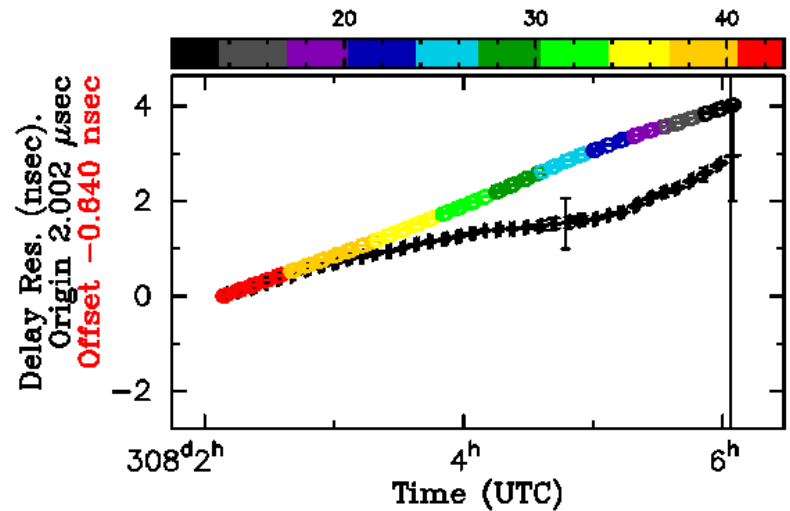
$$\tau = \tau_0 + \dot{\tau}(t - t_0) - \tau_{atm,x} fm(El_x) + \tau_{atm,y} fm(El_y)$$

Piece-wise linear

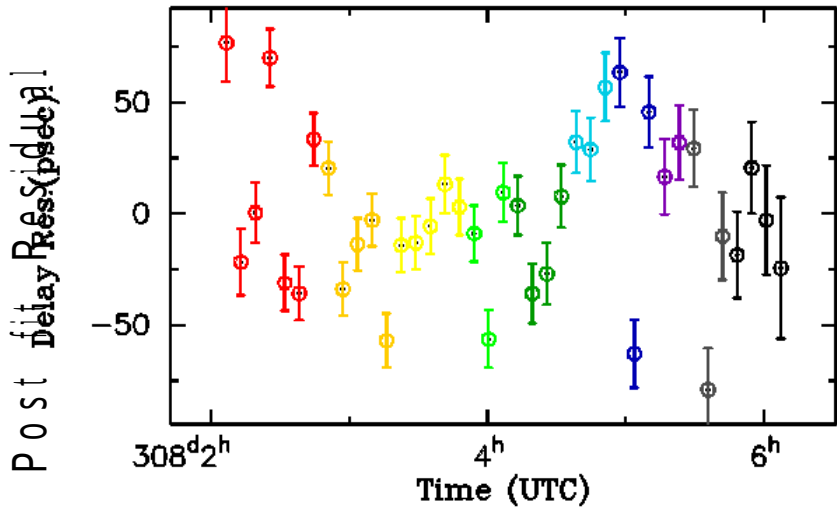
Model Fitting to Reference source



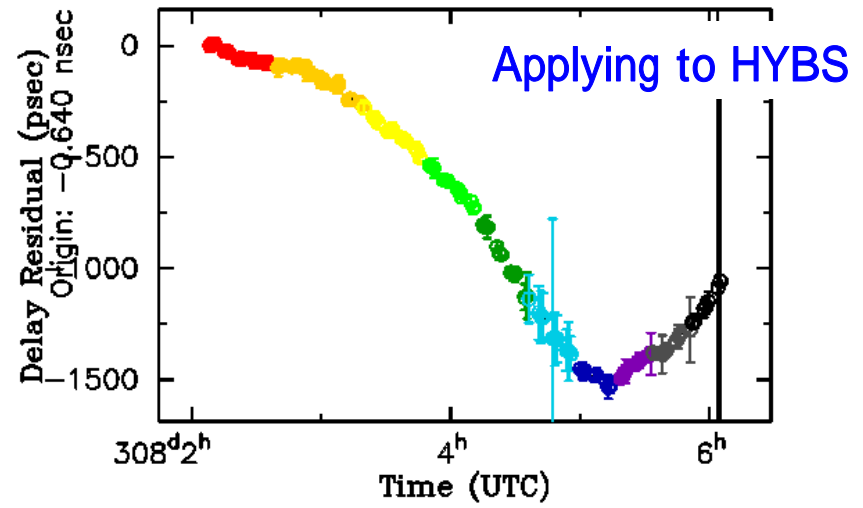
Applying to HYBS



Reference Delay Post-Fit-Residual



Target Delay Post-Correction-Residual

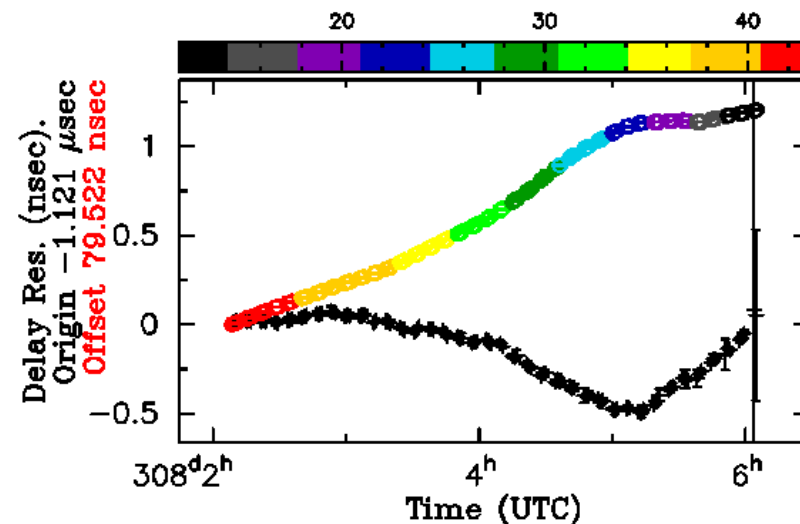
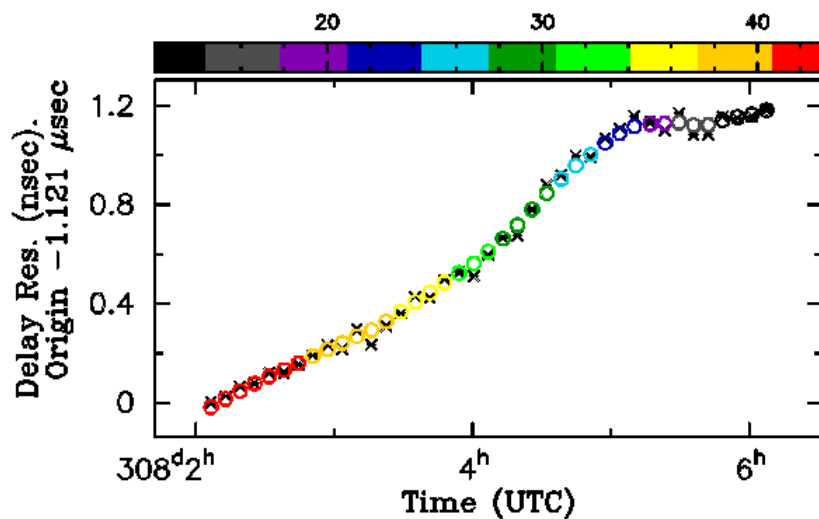


$$\tau = \tau_0 + \dot{\tau}(t - t_0) - \tau_{atm,x} fm(El_x) + \tau_{atm,y} fm(El_y)$$

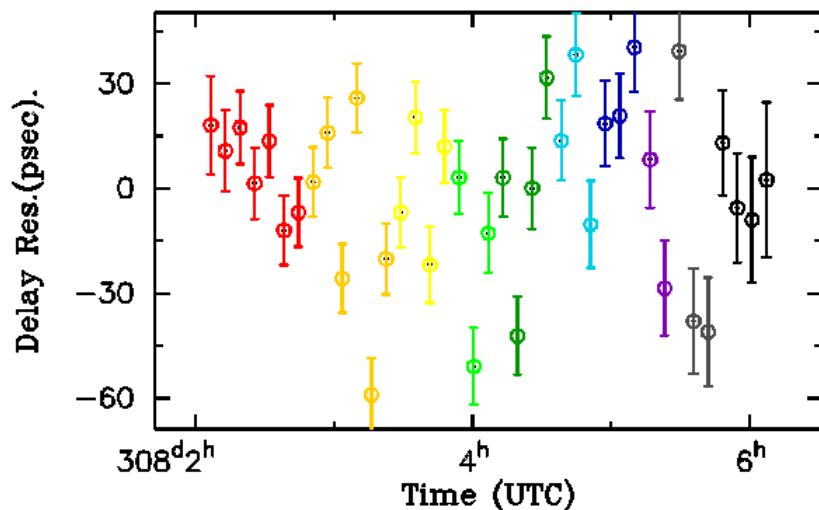
Piece-wise linear

Applying to HYBS

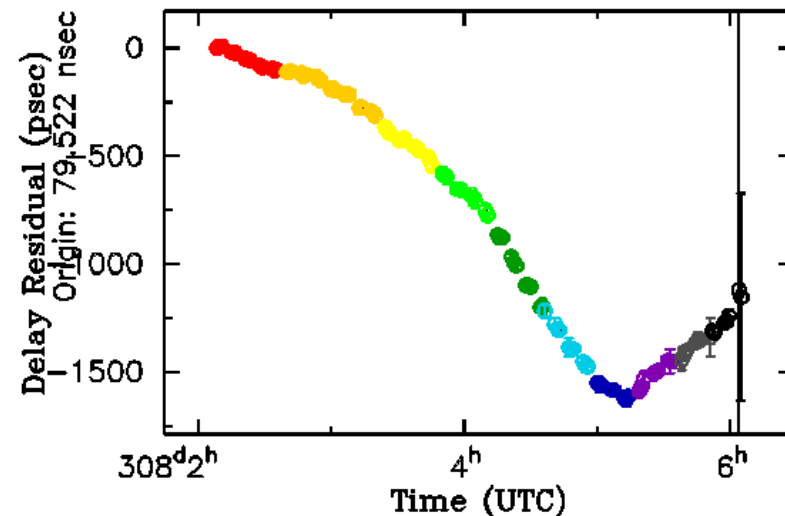
Model Fitting to Reference source



Reference Delay Post-Fit-Residual



Target Delay Post-Correction-Residual



$$\tau = \tau_0 + \dot{\tau}(t - t_0) - \tau_{atm,x} fm(El_x) + \tau_{atm,y} fm(El_y)$$

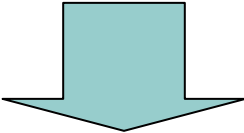
Piece-wise linear

Delta-VLBI: 位相遅延と群遅延

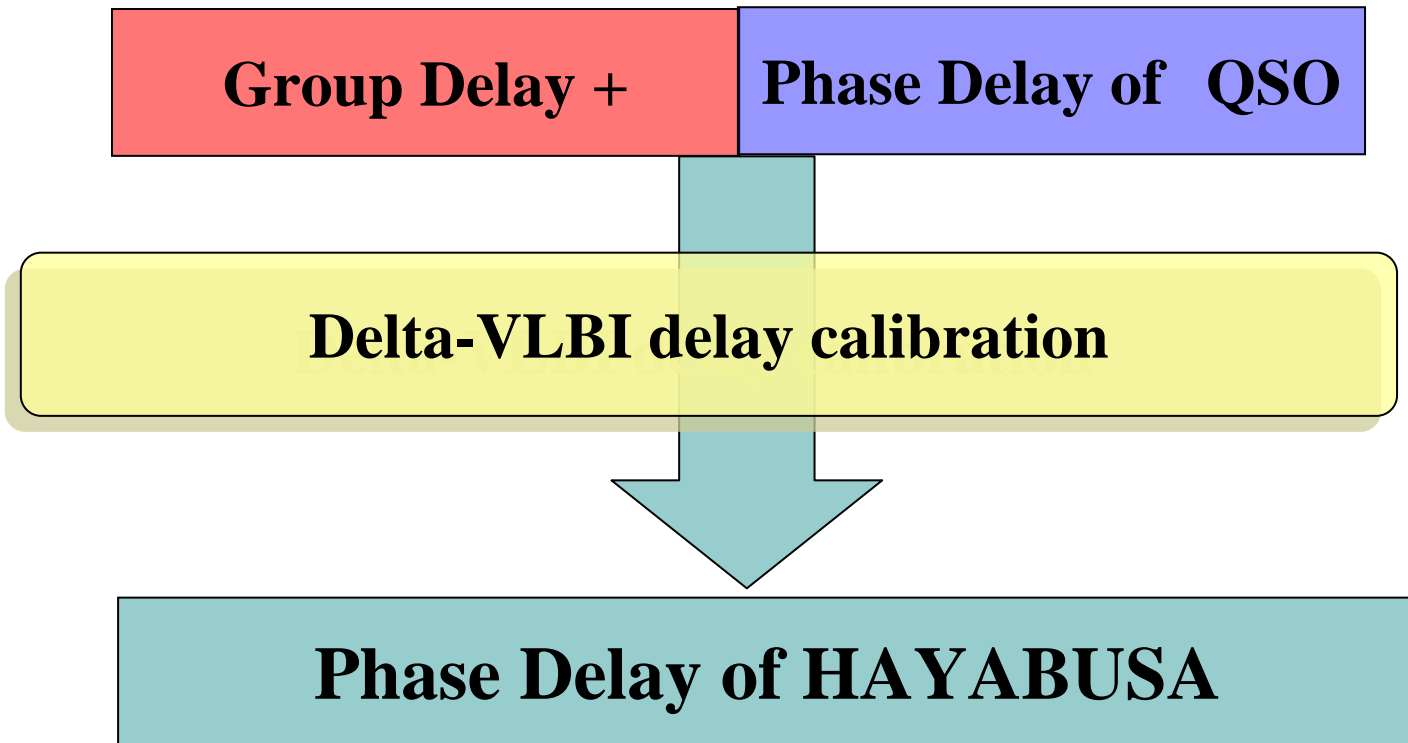
$$\tau_{HYBS} = \tau_{geo} + \tau_{clock} + \tau_{atm} - \tau_{ION} + \dots$$

$$\tau_{QSO} = \tau_{geo} + \tau_{clock} + \tau_{atm} + \tau_{ION} + \dots$$


$$\tau_{QSO}^O - \tau_{QSO}^C = \tau_{clock} + \tau_{atm} + \tau_{ION} + \dots$$


$$(\tau_{HYBS}^O - \tau_{HYBS}^C) - (\tau_{QSO}^O - \tau_{QSO}^C) = \Delta\tau^{Rsd}_{HYBS} - 2\tau_{ION} + \alpha$$

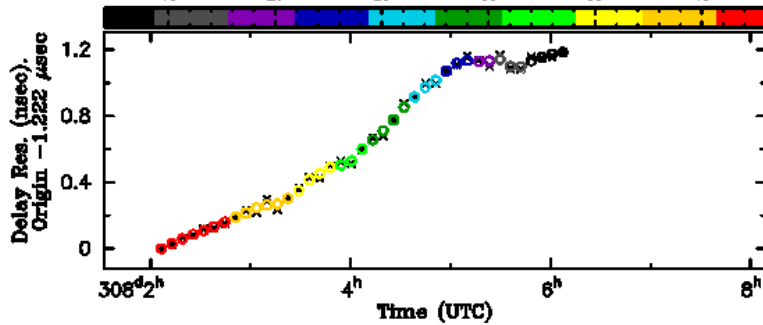
クエーサの位相遅延量を併用した 相対VLBI遅延校正



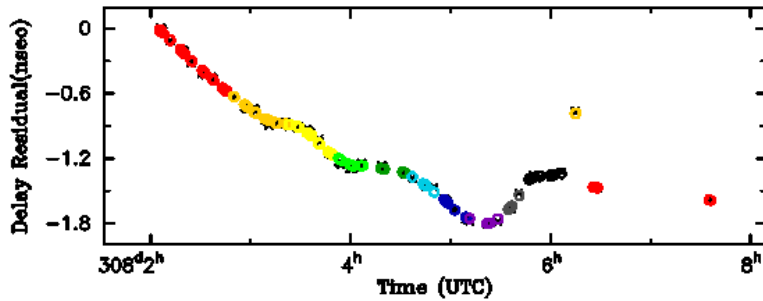
2005/11/4 Tsukuba32-Chichijima10

Applying to HYBS

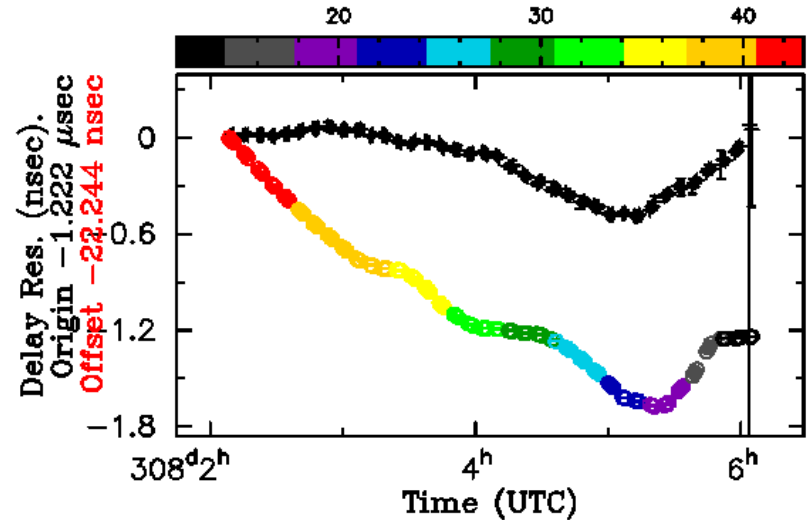
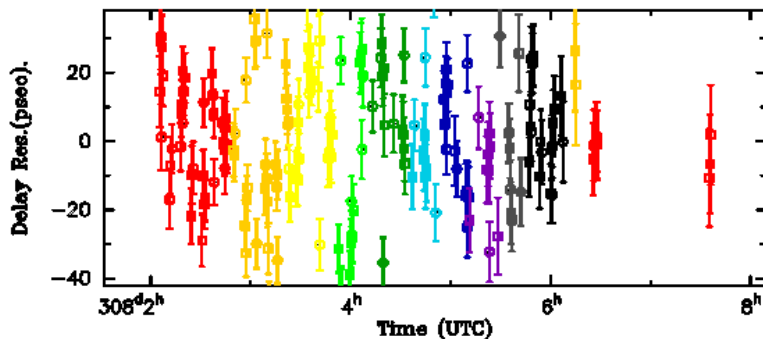
Model Fitting to Reference source



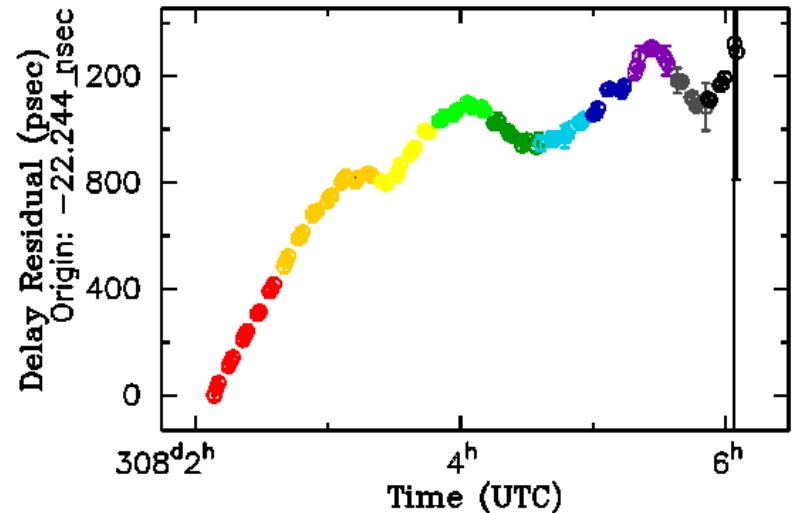
Reference Source Phase Delay Residual and Model



Reference Delay Post-Fit-Residual



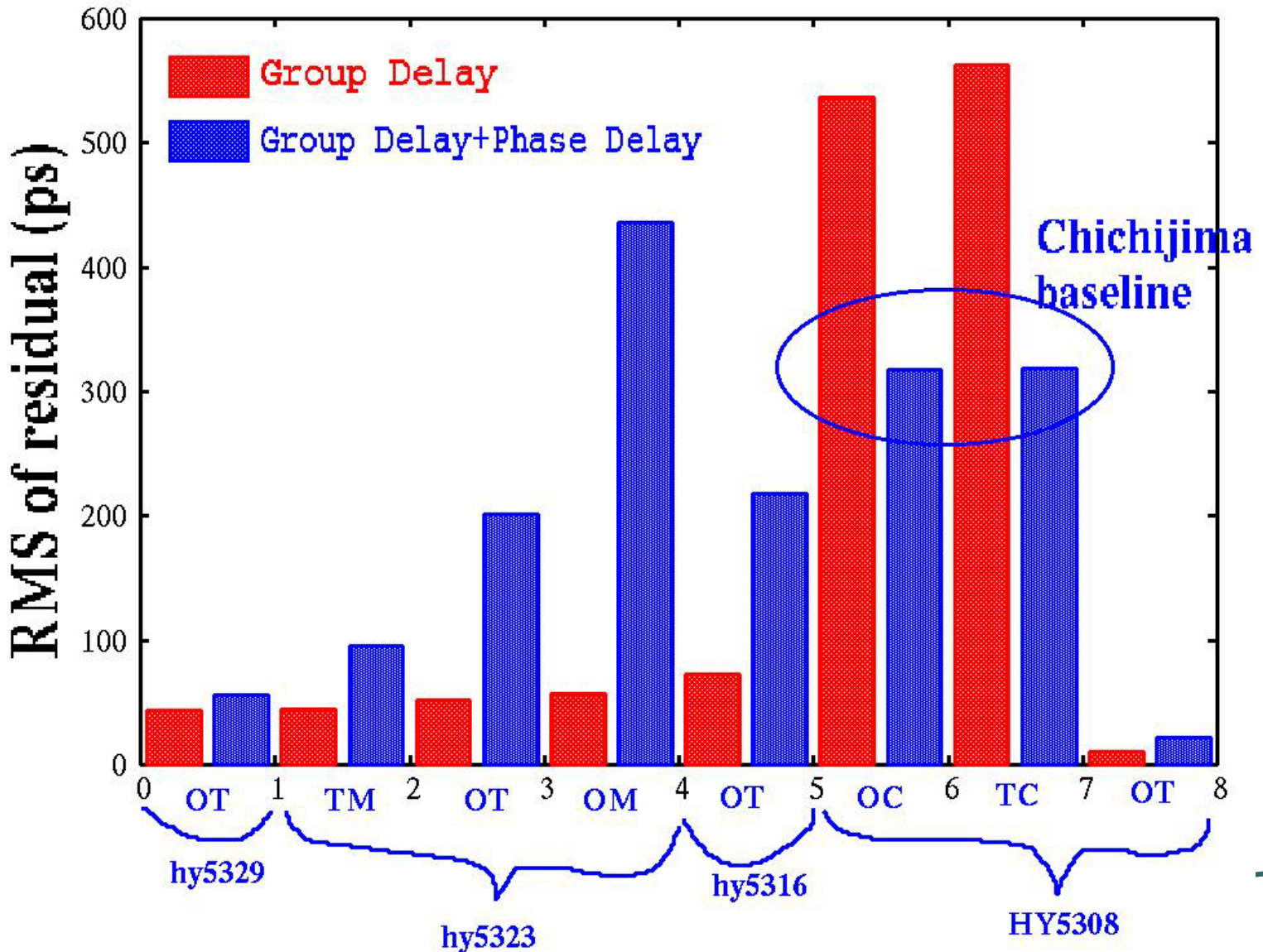
Target Delay Post-Correction-Residual



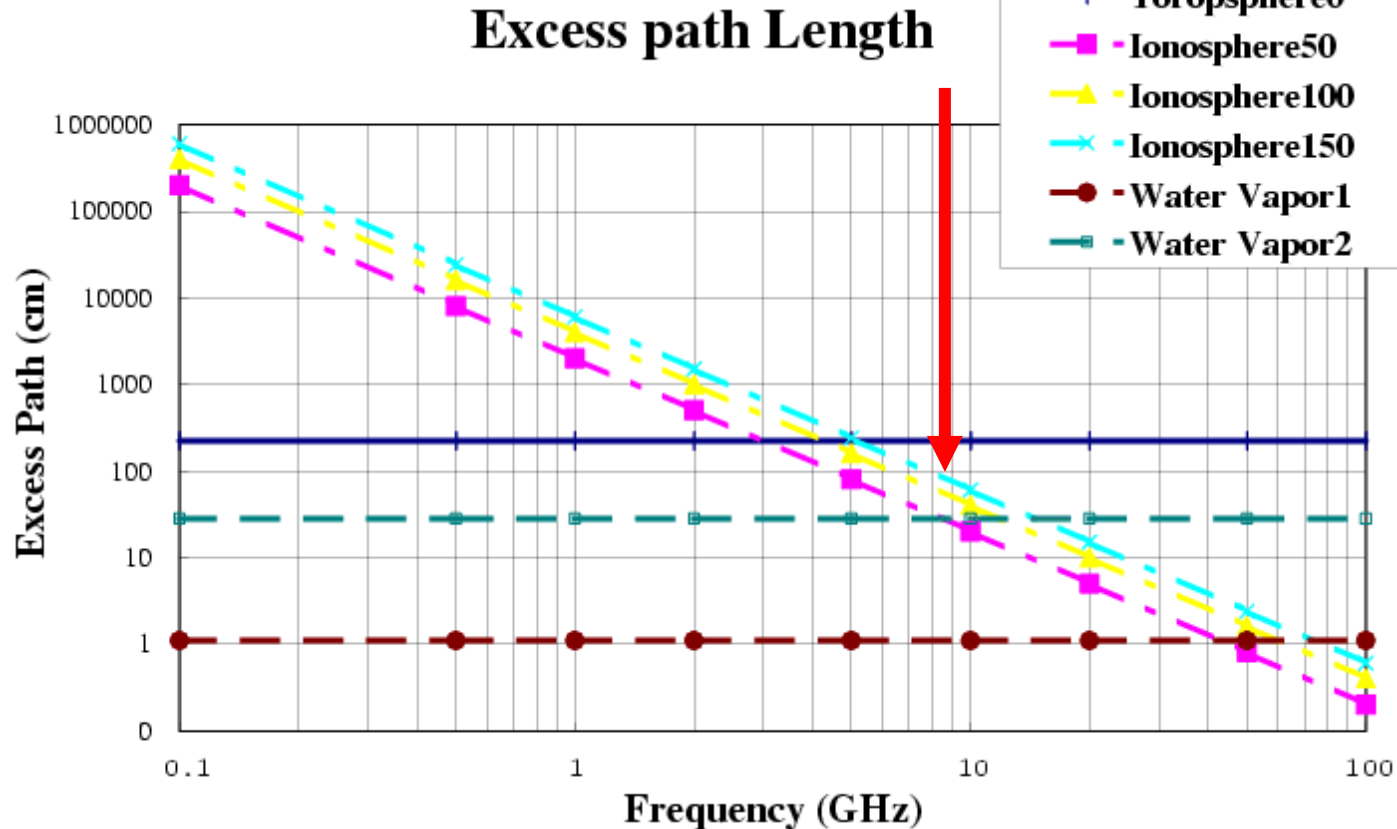
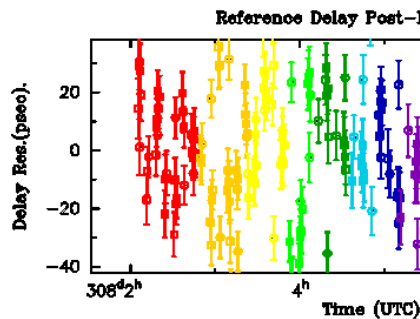
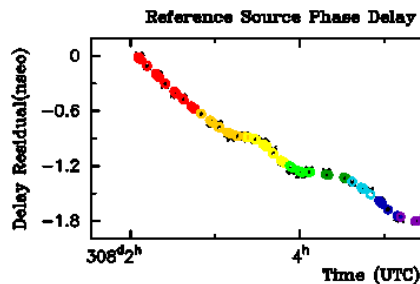
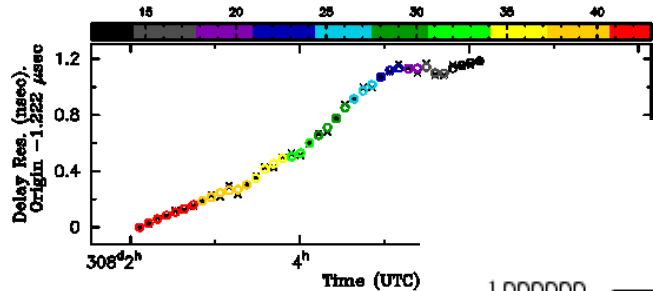
$$\tau = \tau_0 + \dot{\tau}(t - t_0) - \tau_{atm,x} fm(El_x) + \tau_{atm,y} fm(El_y)$$

Piece-wise linear

Statistical Comparison on Cal. With **Group** and **Group/Phase**



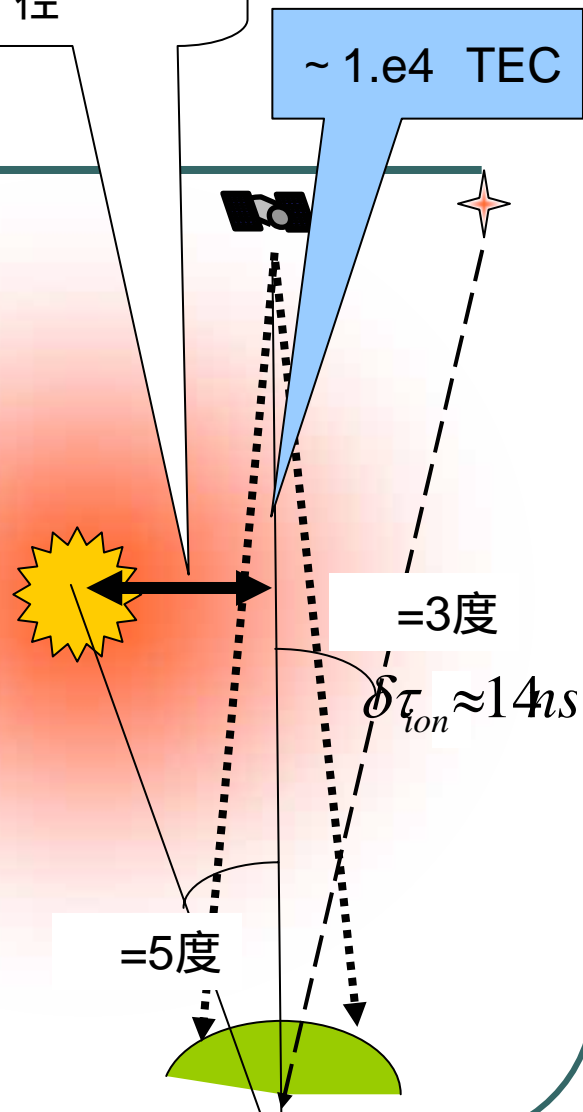
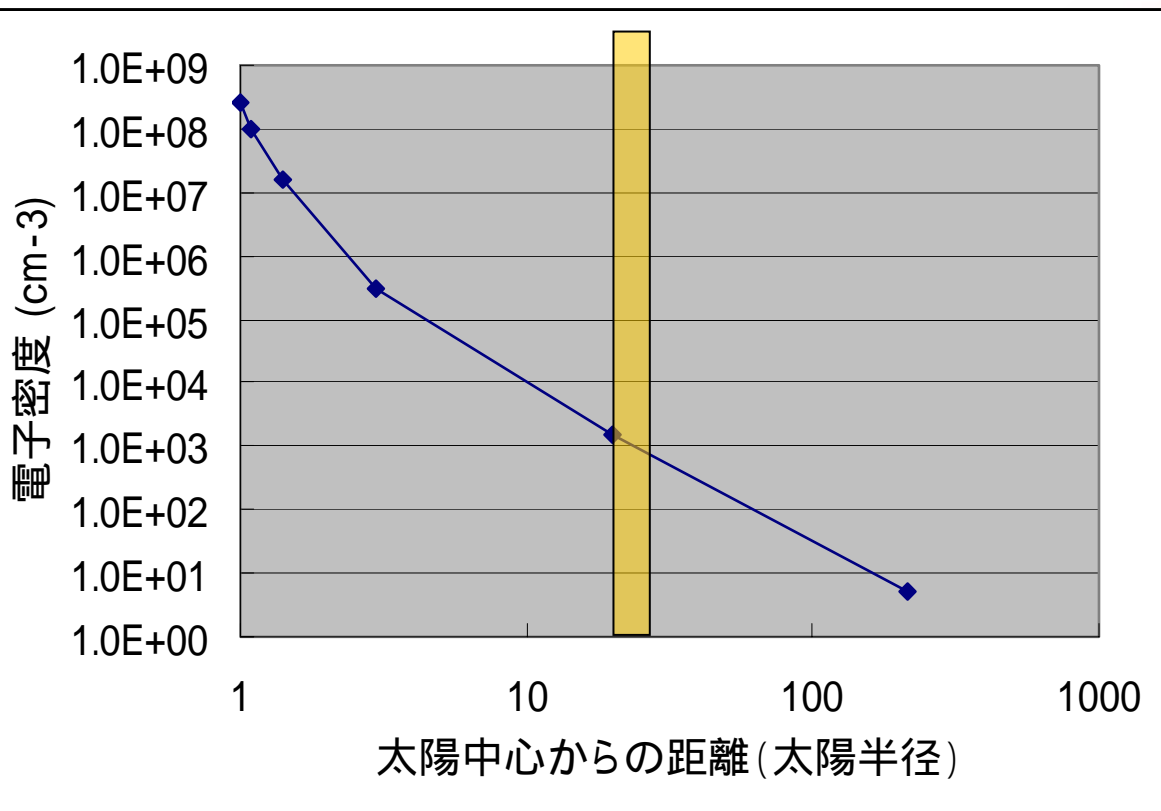
電離媒質の遅延の寄与



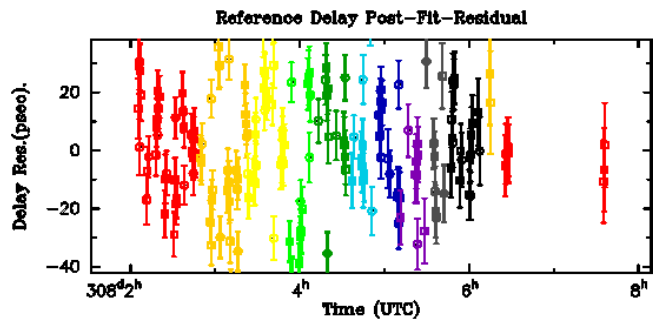
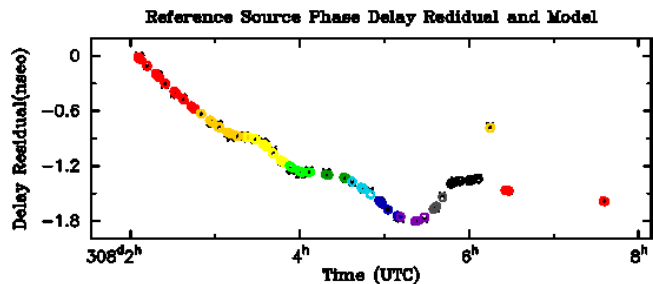
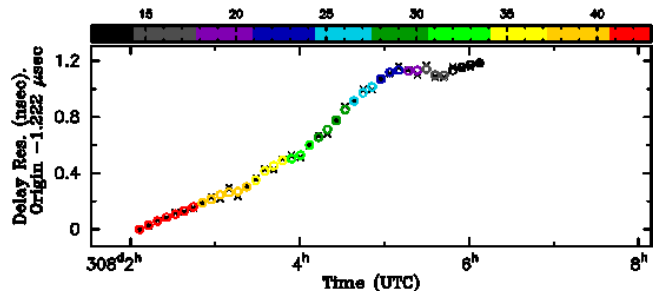
太陽近傍のプラズマ(コロナ)

d=20-30太陽半
径

~ 1.e4 TEC



太陽プラズマの寄与



- 群遅延と位相遅延がほぼ逆センス
 - Excess-delayほとんどが電離媒質による遅延
 - 電離遅延=1.5ns(\Rightarrow 100TECU)
 - 中性遅延=0.3ns
- 太陽コロナNeから見積もり
 - 経路中の電子柱密度 \sim 1万TECU
 - 1degの角度差 \Rightarrow 3.7太陽半径 \Rightarrow 65ns相当
- 電離層 \ll 太陽コロナの影響

まとめ

● 結果

- 群遅延量・位相遅延量を抽出し相対VLBIの遅延補正精度について評価した.
- 太陽離角の小さなHAYABUSA観測において、電離媒質(太陽コロナ)による影響が大きい

● 課題

- 太陽近傍を通る電波観測の場合、飛翔体も2周波観測が必要であろう。=> 将来の水星、金星探査ミッション.
- 群遅延計測の精度向上～レプリカ信号を使った相関処理