

広帯域バンド幅合成 について(その2) On a wide-band bandwidth synthesis II

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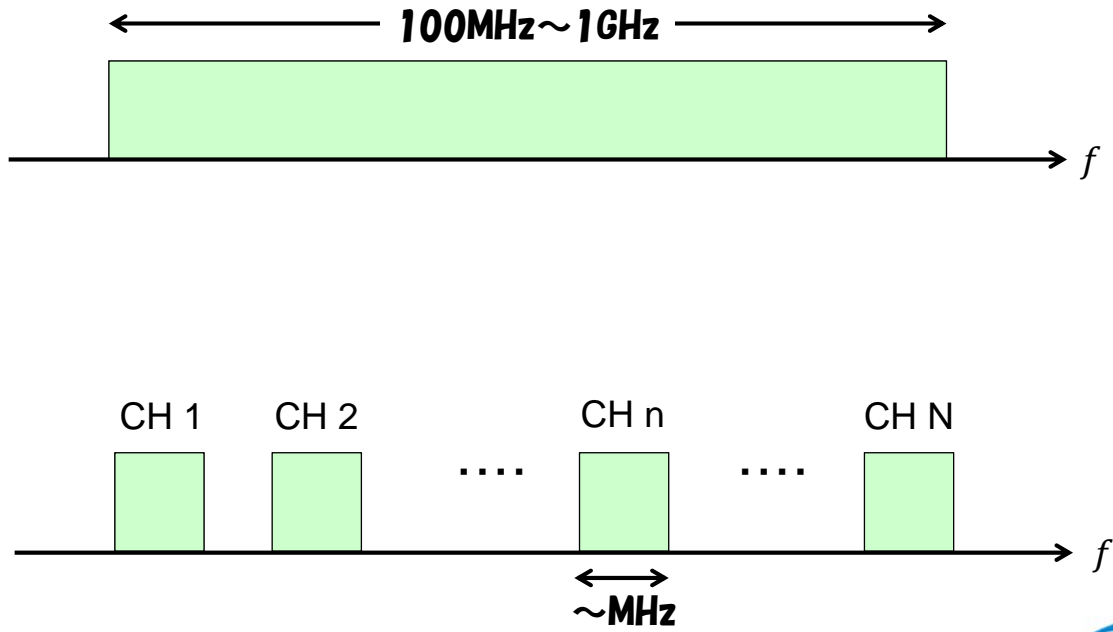


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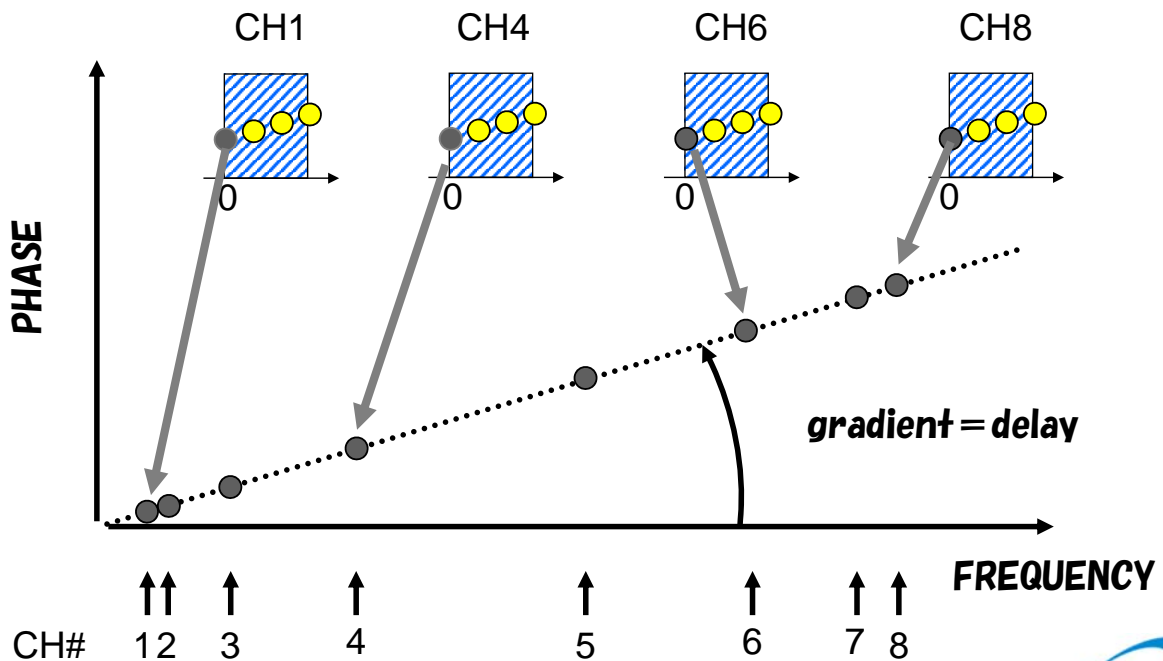
- **Review of bandwidth synthesis**
- **Results of wide-band bandwidth synthesis on a short-baseline VLBI**
- **Inner-band phase correction and inter-band delay correction without the use of phase calibration (PCAL) signals**
- **Ionospheric correction on a long-baseline VLBI will be adopted next**



Conventional Bandwidth Synthesis (BWS)



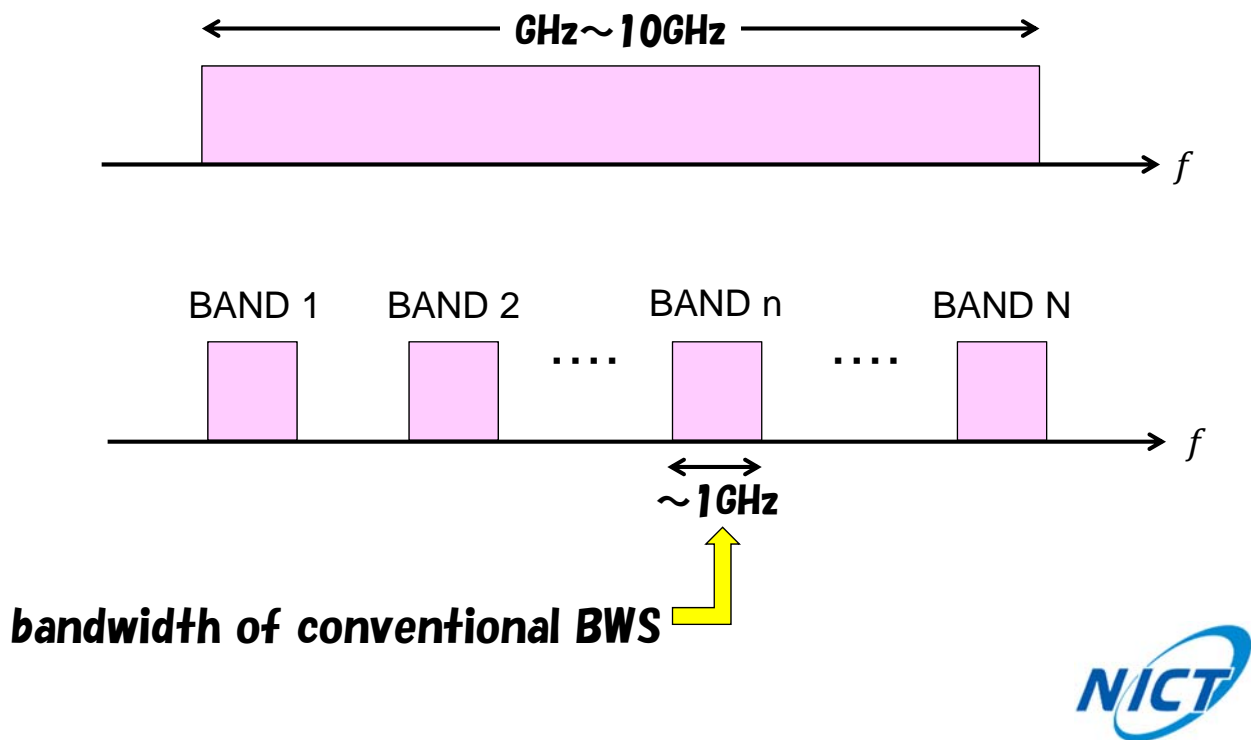
Bandwidth Synthesis



theoretical delay error is picosecond order



Wide-band Bandwidth Synthesis (WBWS)



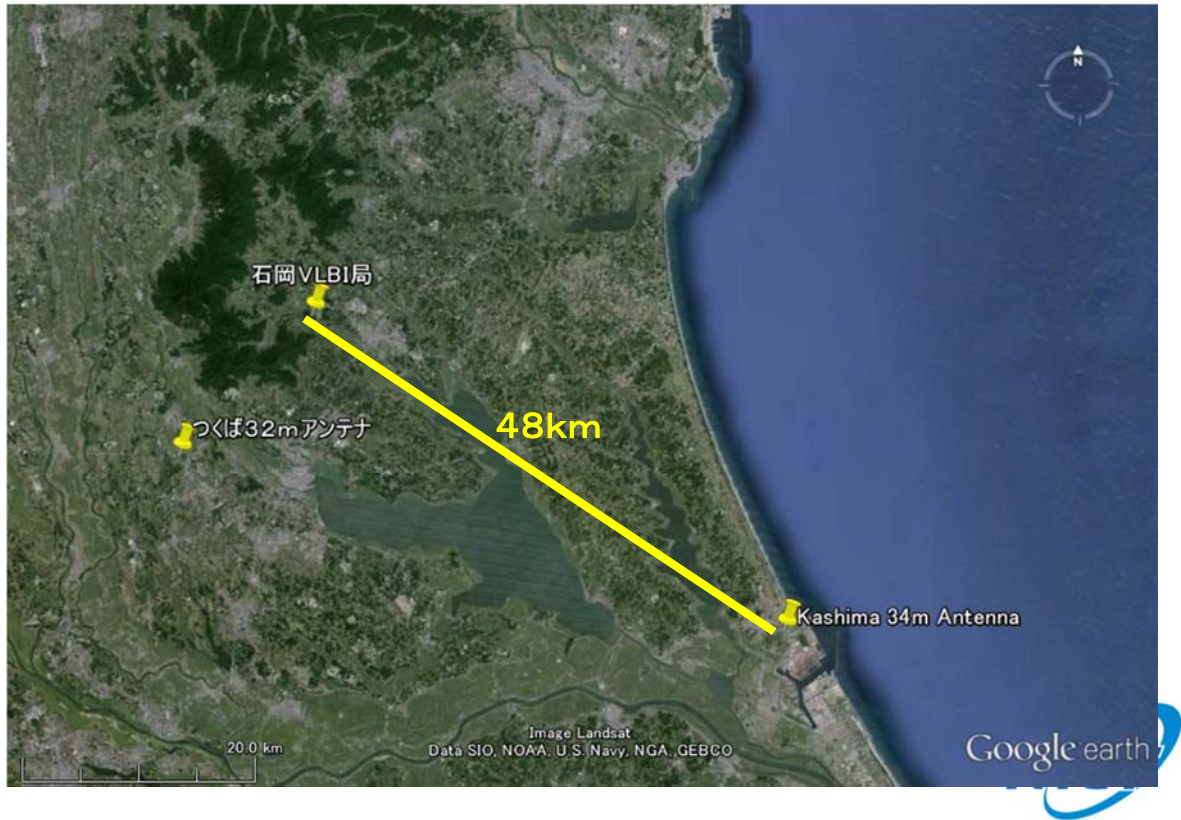
Connect Bands

try WBWS consisting of 6 bands using test experiment data carried out on Kashima-Ishioka baseline in January, 2015

neglect the effect of ionosphere because of short-baseline

establish a WBWS technique without the use of PCAL signals

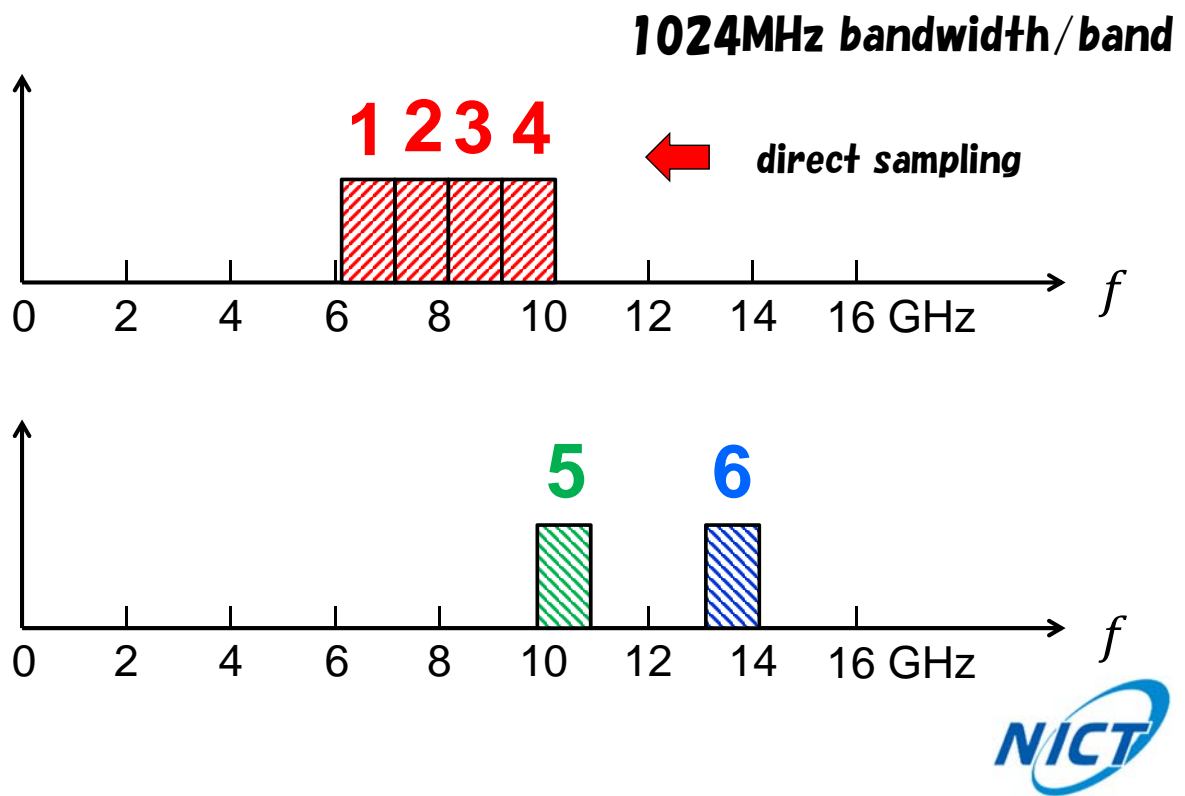
Kashima – Ishioka baseline



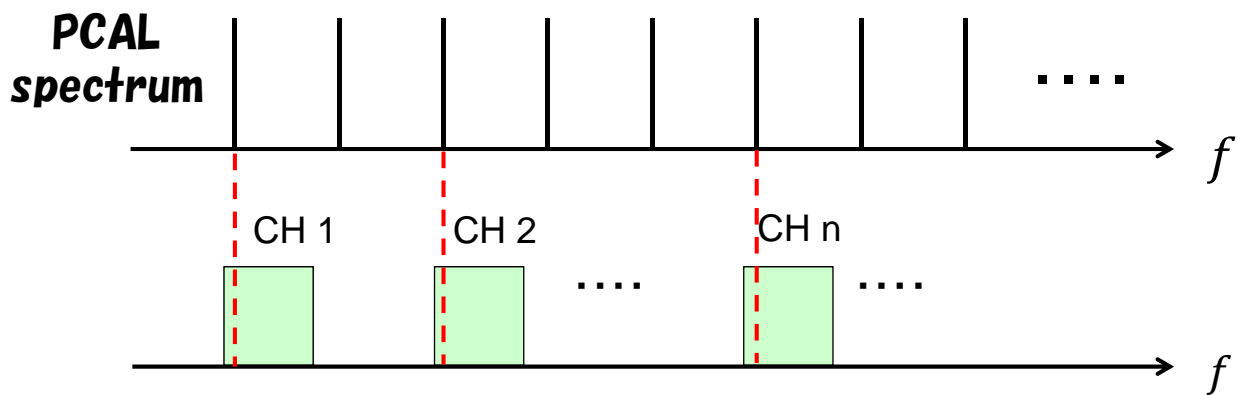
Ishioka 13m Antenna



Receiving Bands



How to use PCAL signals in conventional BWS

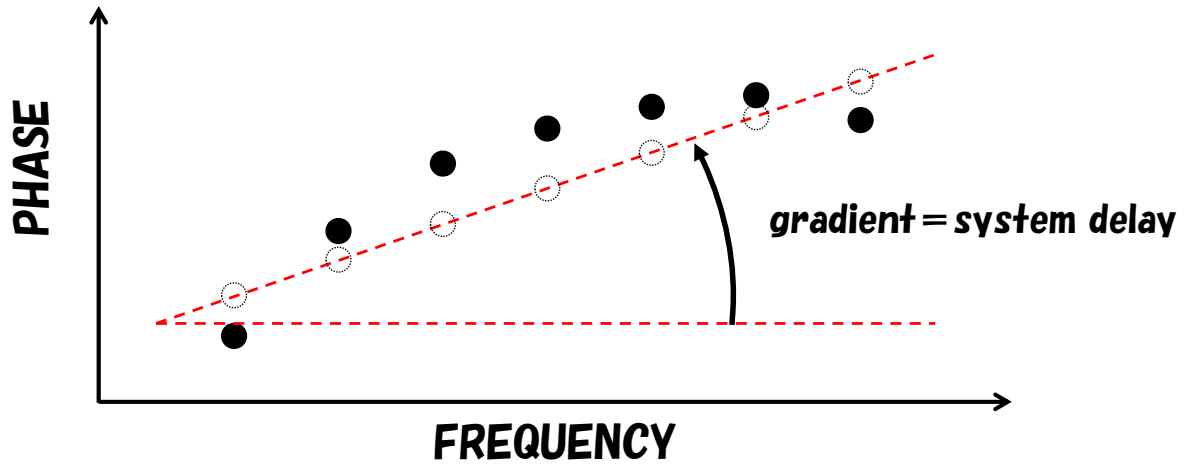


use PCAL signals to correct phase of each channel



How should PCALs be used in WBWS?

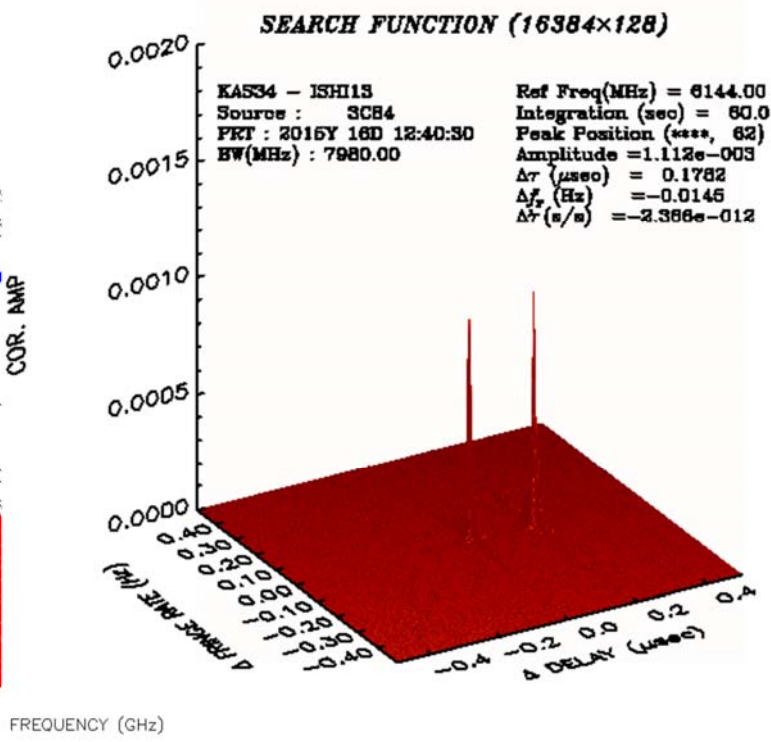
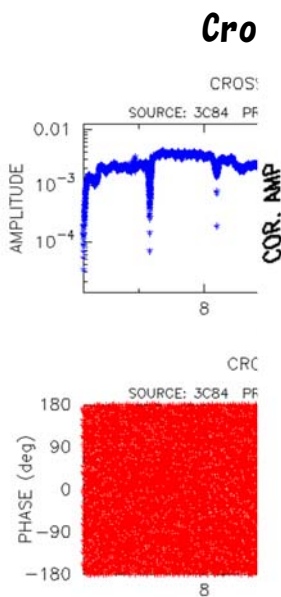
in case of ideal PCAL signals



- to correct inter-band system delay
- to correct phase characteristics in a band
- to connect inter-band phase

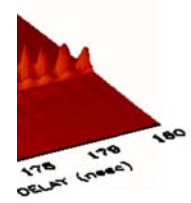


Example



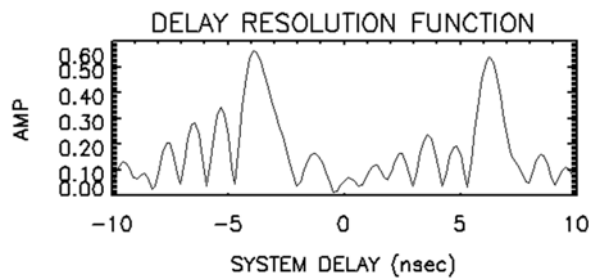
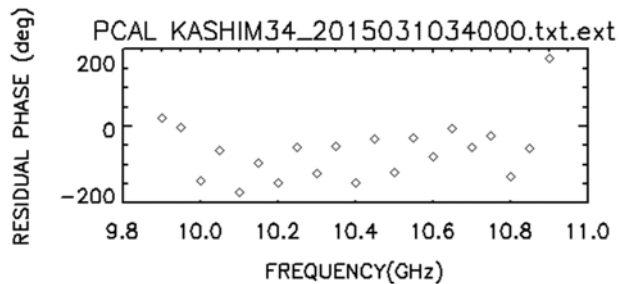
KAS34 - ISH15
 Source : 3C84
 PKT : 2015Y 16D 12:40:30
 BW(MHz) : 7980.00
 Ref Freq(MHz) = 6144.00
 Integration (sec) = 60.0
 Peak Position (****, 62)
 Amplitude = 1.112e-003
 $\Delta\tau$ (μ sec) = 0.1782
 Δf_r (Hz) = -0.0145
 $\Delta\tau$ (s/s) = -2.386e-012

tion
 4x128)
 Freq(MHz) = 6144.00
 Integration (sec) = 60.0
 Peak Position (32, 62)
 Amplitude = 1.112e-003
 $\Delta\tau$ (μ sec) = 0.1781904
 Δf_r (Hz) = -0.0145
 $\Delta\tau$ (s/s) = -2.386e-012

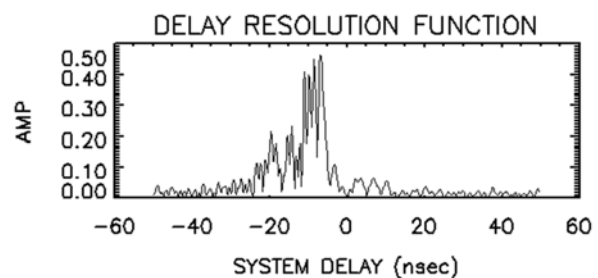
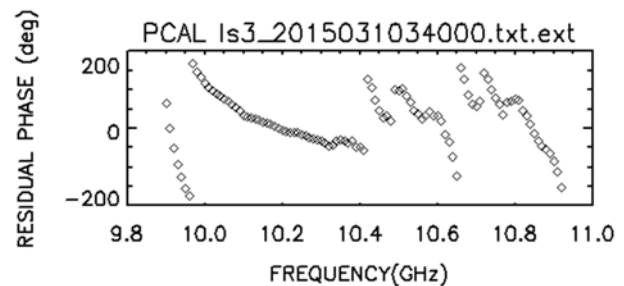


What happened on actual PCAL signals?

Kashima



Ishioka

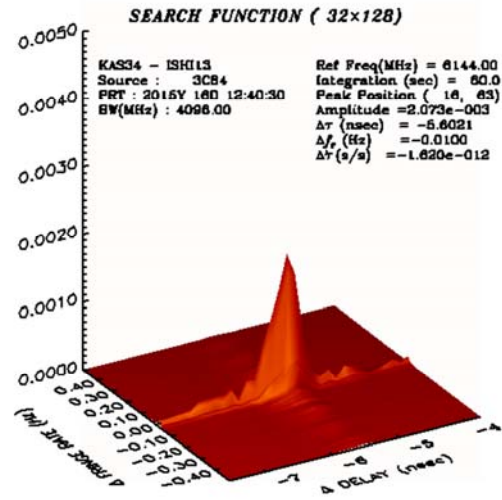
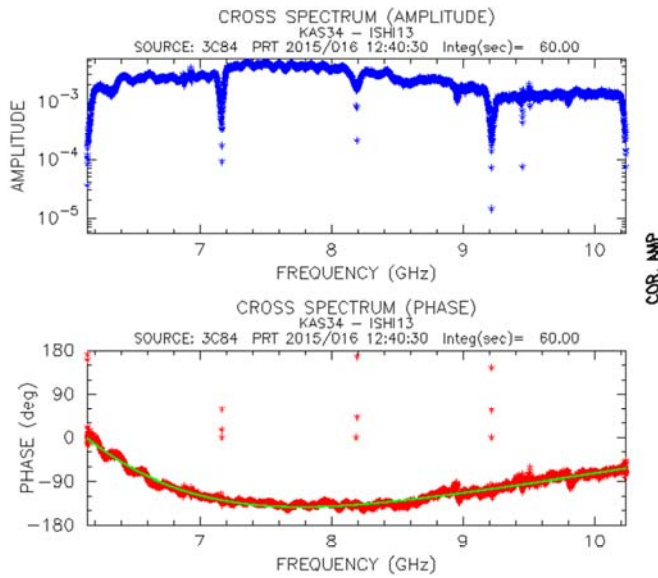


How can we get correction data without the use of PCAL signals?

- at first **define a reference scan (strong enough source)**
- **get inter-band system delay**
 - obtain residual delay by band
 - get relative delay difference against a reference band (lowest frequency band)
- **get phase characteristics in a band**
 - obtain cross spectrum after delay residual is removed
 - fit phase spectrum with a polynomial of the 4-th degree
- **calibrate another scan data by using the correction data obtained for the reference scan**



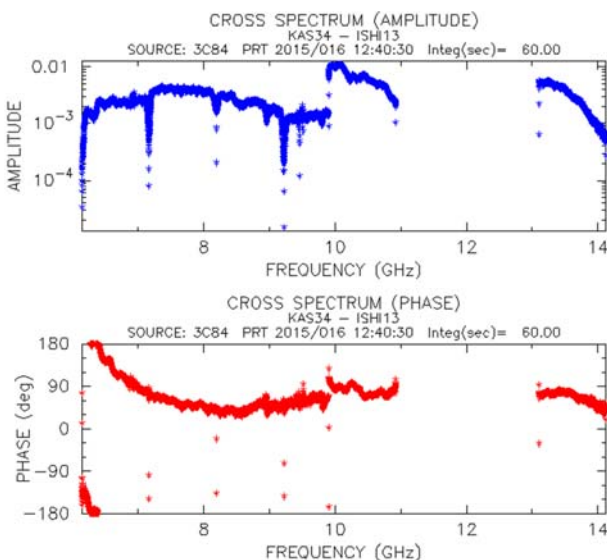
Example of single band processing (Band#1, #2, #3, #4 can be regarded as a single band because of direct sampling)



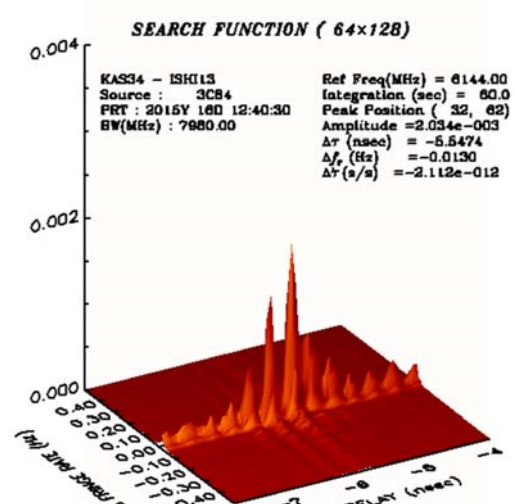
Example

WBWS after inter-band delay correction

cross spectrum



search function

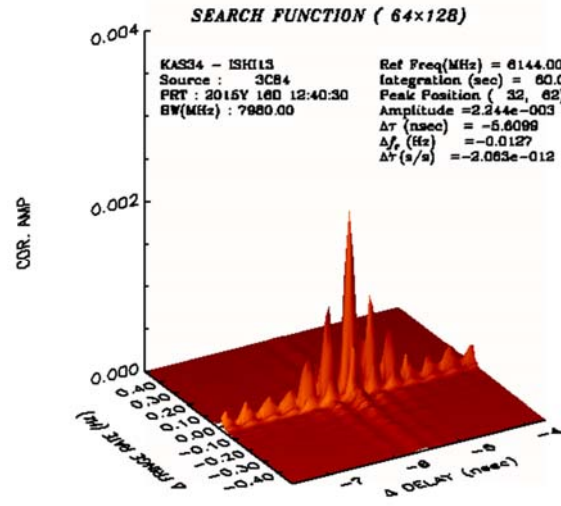
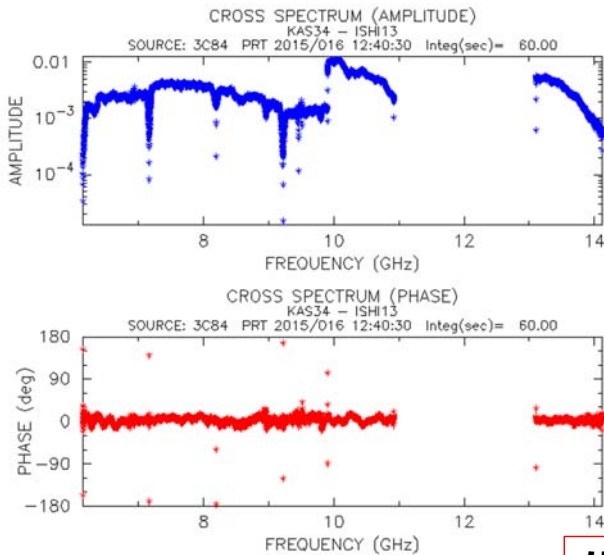


Example

WBWS after inter-band delay and phase (in a band) correction

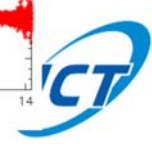
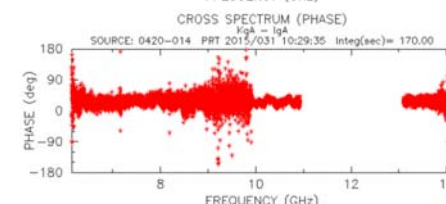
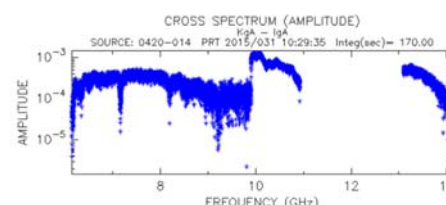
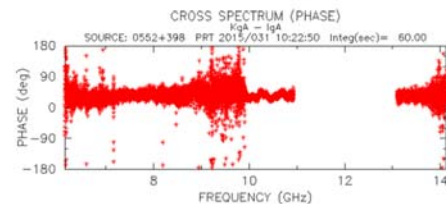
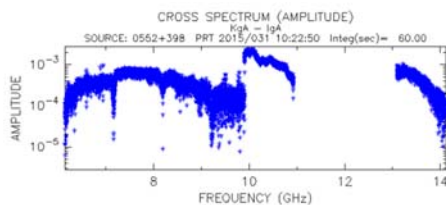
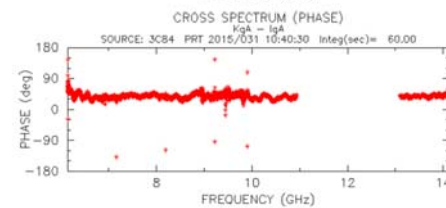
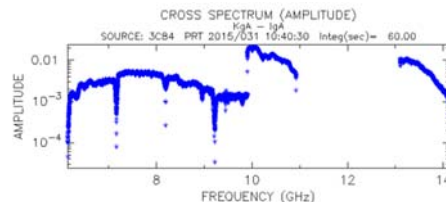
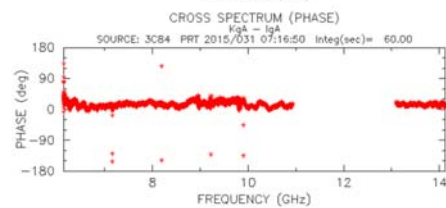
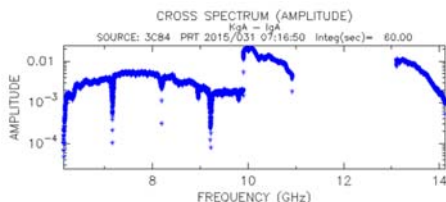
cross spectrum

search function



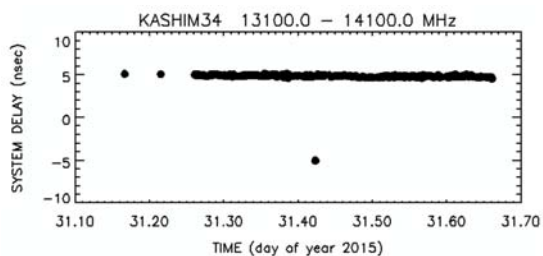
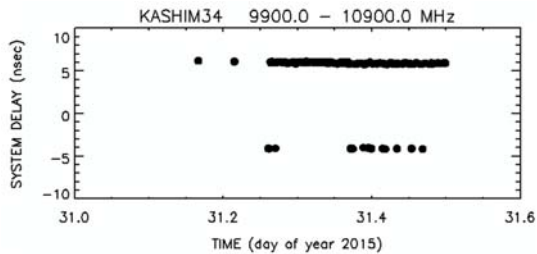
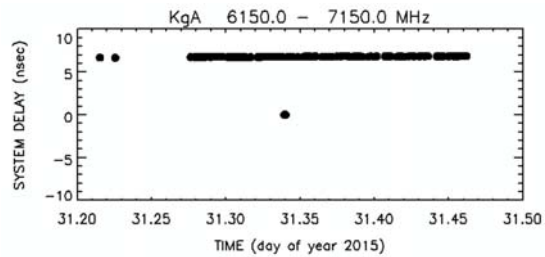
theoretical error is 27fs (femtoseconds)

Examples of other scans

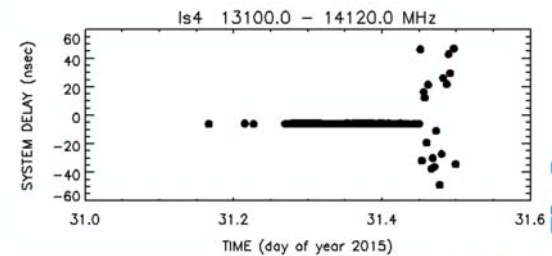
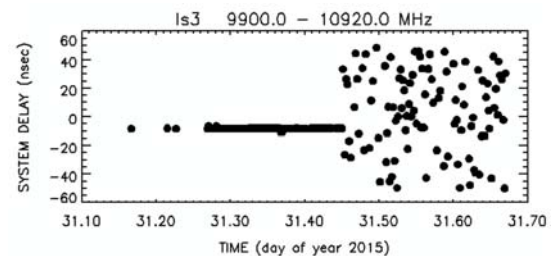
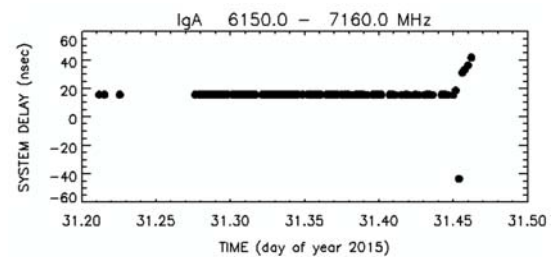


Evaluation of system stability by PCAL signals

Kashima



Ishioka



Conclusions

- **establish a wide-band bandwidth synthesis technique without the use of PCAL signals**
 - use PCAL signals to evaluate system stability
- **compensation of ionosphere (estimation of TEC)**
 - estimate the differential TEC against the reference scan using cross spectrum (phase spectrum)

Acknowledgements

- 広帯域バンド幅合成処理には国土地理院石岡VLBI局との試験観測データを使用させていただきました。広帯域観測に協力いただいた国土地理院VLBIグループの皆様には感謝いたします。
- *The data used for WBWS are those obtained by a test experiment with GSI's Ishioka station. The authors would like to express their appreciation to GSI VLBI staff members for their kind support and cooperation for the experiment.*

