VLBI MEASUREMENTS FOR FREQUENCY TRANSFER

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Content

✓ Introduction

- » Why VLBI is required?
- » Activities at NICT
- » Previous study : Wettzell Onsala

✓ Intercomparison between VLBI and other techniques

- » Can the VLBI measure the right time difference?
 - Kashima34m Kashima11m
 - Artificial change by Line Stretcher









✓ <u>Development of</u> <u>frequency standard</u>

Atomic fountains



..... developing

2 × 10⁻¹⁵ @a few days

- ✓ <u>Time and frequency</u> <u>transfer technique</u>
 - » GPS Carrier Phase 2 × 10⁻¹⁵ @<u>1day</u>

TWSTFT 2-4 × 10⁻¹⁵ @<u>1day</u>

- » long averaging period
- » insufficient accuracy

improvements of highly precise time and frequency transfer techniques are strongly desired

NICT & Kash



NICT optical clocks developing

Optical clocks

10⁻¹⁶ ~ 10⁻¹⁷ @a few hours

Activities at NICT

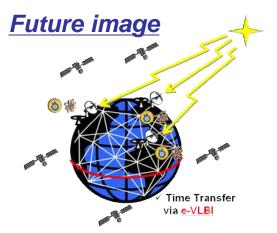
- 1. <u>Developing a compact VLBI system</u>
 - » MARBLE SYSTEM

Multiple Antenna Radio-interferometry of Baseline Length Evaluation



- Diameter 1.65m
- > S/X-band
- Front-fed paraboloidal reflector
- Az-El mounting
 - Max speed AzEI 5 deg/sec
- Transportable by few person

Collaborating with GSI

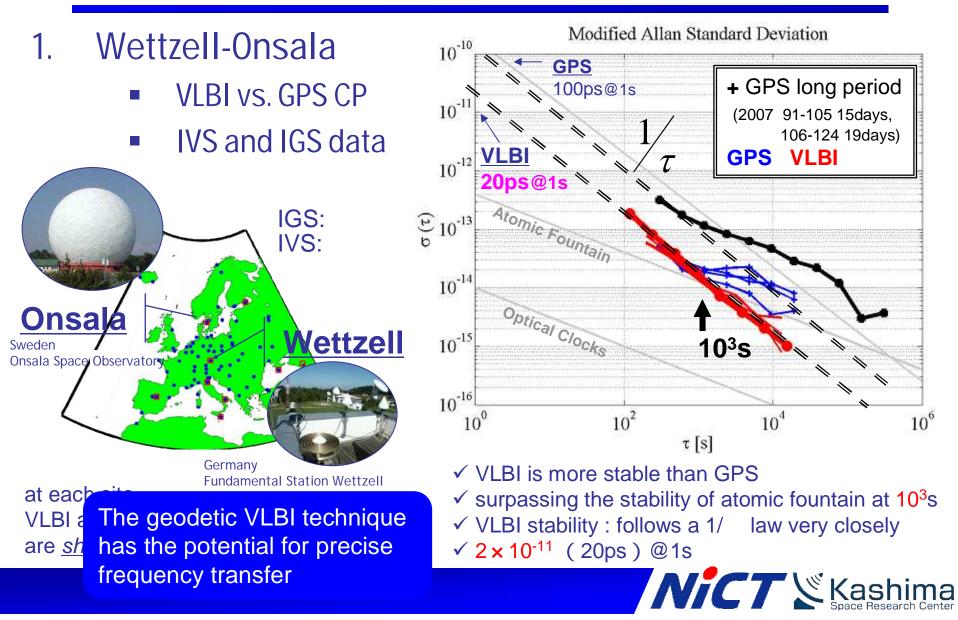


🤍 Kas'

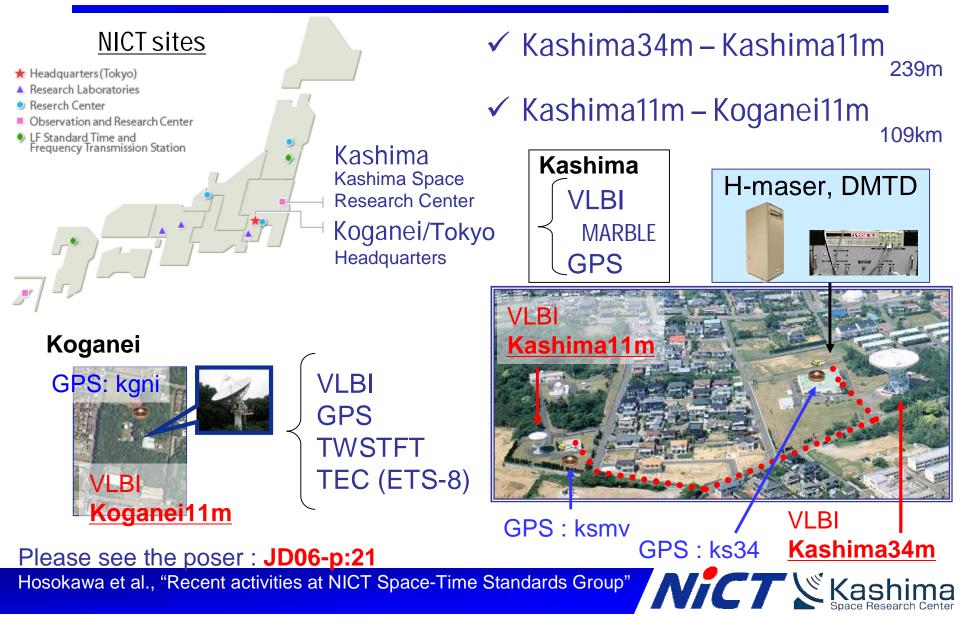
2. <u>Verifying the ability of VLBI frequency transfer</u>

- » to show the capability of the current VLBI system
 - Intercomparison between VLBI and other techniques
 This study

<u>Previous study</u> Intercomparison : VLBI vs. GPS

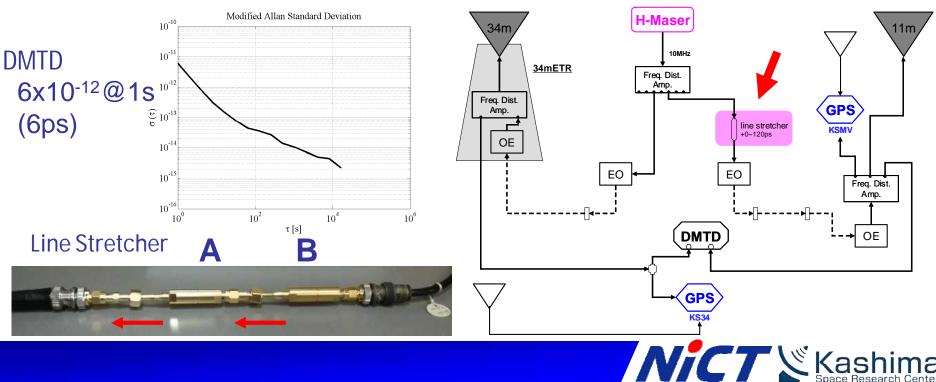


Intercomparison: VLBI vs. other techniques



Can the VLBI measure the right time difference?

- ✓ Kashima34m Kashima11m
 - » Artificial time difference change
 - using Line Stretcher
 - » Intercomparison between VLBI, GPS and DMTD



Differences with the normal observation

✓ <u>Normal Geodetic VLBI</u>

- » Observation
 - multiple sources
 - antenna slew time
 - different scan time
 - 24 hours
- » Data Analysis
 - estimate
 clock parameter
 atmosperic delay
 station coordinates

✓ <u>This study</u>

- » Observation
 - one source : 3C84
 - no antenna slew time
 - same scan time
 - a few hours
- » Data Analysis
 - estimate only clock parameter
 - atmospheric delay : short baseline, one source
 - station coordinates : fixed to a-priori coordinates



Data analysis

✓ VLBI

- » CALC/SOLVE
- » single baseline
- » S/X ionosphere-free linear combination
 - clock offset / 10sec



✓ GPS

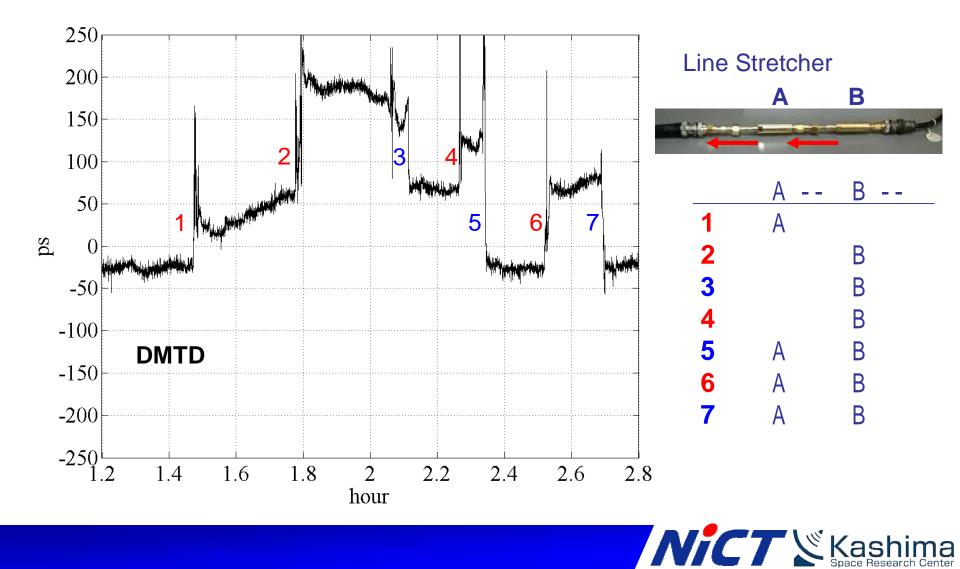
- » NR Canada's PPP
 - IGS Rapid Orbit & Clock
- » Precise Point Positioning
 - satellite clock interpolation
 - clock offset / 30sec



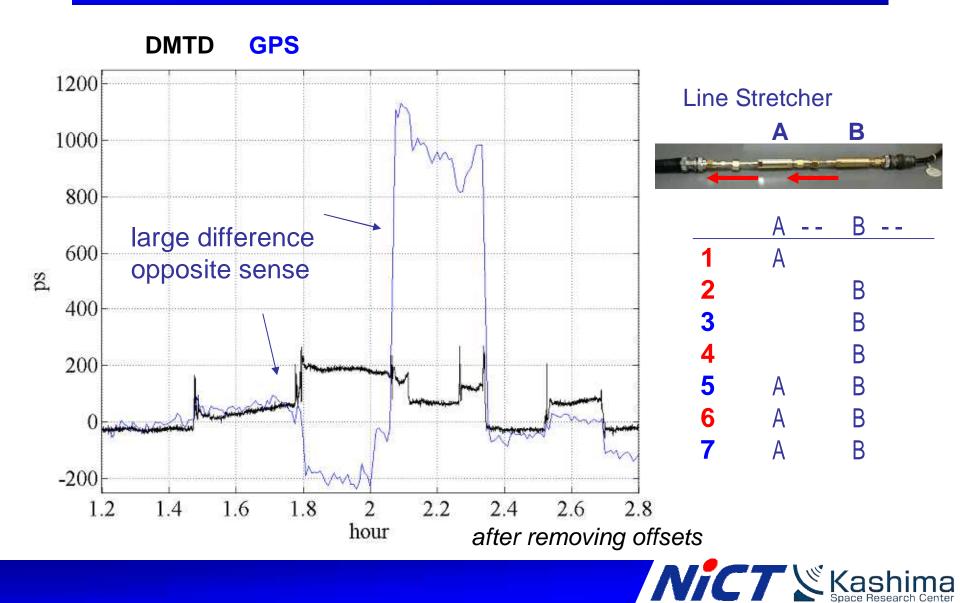
vs. DMTD Time Difference / 1sec



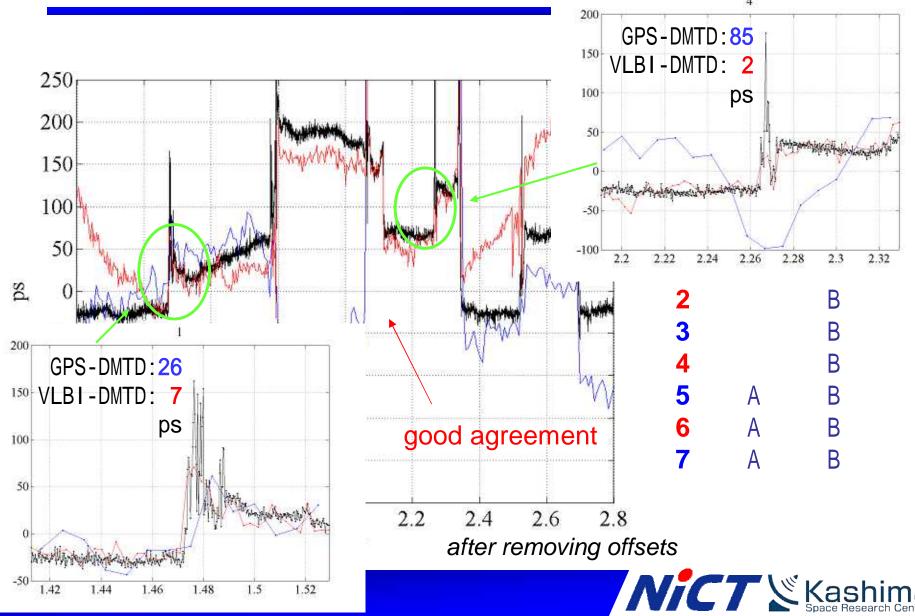




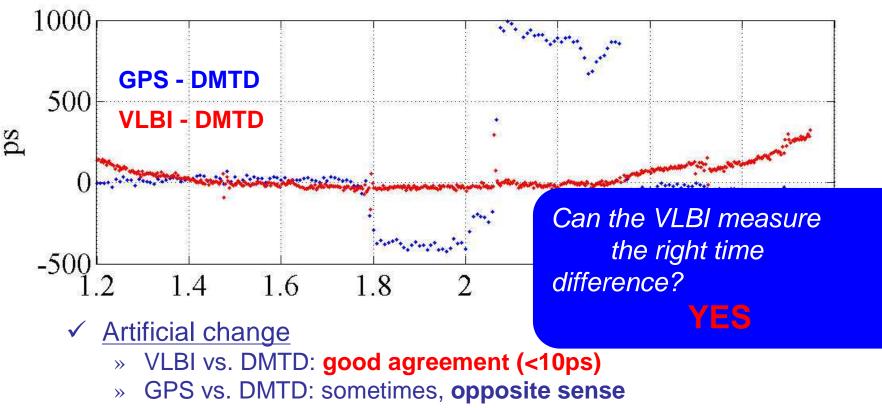




VLBI vs. GPS and DMTD







- ✓ other parts
 - » VLBI vs. DMTD: good agreement (<50ps) for short time range larger difference for longer time range due to the effect of <u>atmospheric variation</u>

» GPS vs. DMTD: good agreement

Conclusions

✓ Can the VLBI measure right time difference? » VLBI vs. GPS CP and DMTD

- » Artificial change
 - VLBI vs. DMTD: good agreement (<10ps)</p>
 - GPS vs. DMTD: sometimes, opposite sense

» The geodetic VLBI technique can measure the right time difference.



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IVS and IGS for the high quality products GSFC, JPL, NRC Canada for VLBI and GPS analysis software

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